FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

OLD SERIES—VOL. LII—NO. 2,700.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY. OCTOBER 13, 1887. [NEW SERIES—VOL. IV—NO. 241.

TAKE IT TO GOD.

[For the Observer.]

Hast thou within a care so deep
It chases from thy eyelids sleep?
To thy Redeemer take thy care,
And change anxiety to prayer.

Hast thou a hope with which thy heart
Would almost feel it death to part?
Entreat thy God that hope crown,
Or give thee grace to lay it down.

Whate'er the care that breaks thy rest,
Whate'er the wish that swells thy breast,
Spread before God thy wish, thy care,
And change anxiety to prayer.

Why shall we, children, ever fear?
There is in Heaven an eye
That looks with tender fondness down
On all the paths we try.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

Large and Enthusiastic Meetings in Wilmington and New Berne in Regard to the Extension of the Road.

[From the Wilmington Star of the 6th.]

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens generally met last night at the City Hall to discuss the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley R. R. question.

It was moved by Mr. D. G. Worth that Judge O. P. Meares be called to the chair, and it was carried unanimously.

Judge Meares, on taking the chair, said that all were assembled to hear a report of the committee recently appointed, and that it was a most important matter. He moreover said that this city had the reputation of being the cradle of internal improvements in the past, and wished her to sustain that reputation. Judge Meares also stated that he, like many others was not in favor of the road at first, but that now he was heartily in favor of it.

The committee, consisting of Messrs. D. G. Worth, J. W. Atkinson, W. A. French, F. Rheinstein and Pembroke Jones, made their report through Col. J. W. Atkinson, was as follows:

The undersigned, a committee appointed by a meeting of the citizens, held at the Produce Exchange on the 29th day of September ulto., charged with the duty of presenting to this meeting the importance of securing the extension of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad to Wilmington, respectfully report:

It being apparent that earnest effort is now being made to divert this road from this, its natural outlet to the sea, and place elsewhere the tidewater terminus of this line of railway, it behooves our people to bestir themselves lest the advantages which follow upon securing to Wilmington the connection with this important State road, and the establishment here of its depots be lost to us.

We, therefore, respectfully recommend the adoption of the following:

Resolved, 1. That we heartily approve the provisional agreement heretofore entered into between the Commissioners appointed by the Board of Aldermen and of Audit and Finance, and the President and Board of Directors of the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company, viz: That the city of Wilmington should subscribe to the capital stock of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad Company one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, said subscription to be paid either in cash or in the bonds of the city *at par*, at the option of the Boards of Aldermen and of Audit and Finance, this subscription to be paid as follows:

Ten thousand dollars upon the completion of the first five miles of the road, beginning at the city of Wilmington, and to pay in like instalments, as each consecutive section of five miles is completed; provided, that the last payment of $10,000 shall be made only upon the entire completion of the road to Fayetteville, the railroad company pledging itself to build a depot within the corporate limits of Wilmington, and to commence work on said road within four months after the ratification of the subscription, and continue said work without interruption until the road is fully completed to Fayetteville.

In exchange for every payment of $10,000, as provided above, the said railroad company shall engage to turn over to the city an equal amount of the certificates of the capital stock of the company.

Resolved, 2. That the Board of Aldermen and of Audit and Finance be requested to reappoint the five commissioners heretofore in charge of the negotiations with the President and Directors of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company, with instructions to secure, if possible, the renewal of the propostion as above stated in brief, or some similar proposition, and this being done, we urge the Board of Aldermen to submit the question of subscription to said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad to an election of the people according to law, said election to be held as soon as practicable.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Col. Atkinson, after reading the report, spoke briefly of the importance of bringing the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. immediately, as there were others striving to induce the syndicate to go in another direction, and moved that the resolutions of the committee be adopted. Remarks were made by Mr. B. G. Worth, who stated that he was in favor of a liberal subscription, and there seemed to be no doubt of the road having an early connection in the West.

Mr. Currie, who was called upon, said he had been talking the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. for many years, and was glad to see that so many agreed with him. He said that the Western connection was not only easy, but assured. He also spoke of the vast mineral resources and great grazing section that we would be brought into direct communication with by the C. F. & Y. V. R., and said what the Baltimore & Ohio railroad was to Baltimore, this Western connection would be to us.

Mr. Currie, in conclusion, gave examples of the energy of Durham, Lynchburg and Richmond in railroad building, and hoped that the good people of Wilmington would pull together and take advantage of their opportunities and secure the extension of the road to this port immediately.

The question was then called for, and the resolutions of the committee were adopted unanimously.

After this it was moved that the same committee be appointed to present the resolutions to the Board of Aldermen and to the Board of Audit and Finance, and this was also unanimously carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

[New Berne Journal, Oct. 5.]

A good number of citizens assembled at the Exchange rooms last night to discuss a matter of very great interest to New Berne. Mr. George Allen was called to the chair and Mr. J. U. Smith was made secretary.

Stirring speeches were made by Hon. F. M. Simmons, S. H. Gray, J. J. Wolfenken, Jonathan Havens, President Washington Bryan, P. H. Pelletier, T. A. Green and others.

Mr. J. J. Wolfenden moved that a committee be appointed to go to Raleigh and submit to the Governor a plan for extending the A. & N. C. R. R. The motion was adopted.

A committee, consisting of F. M. Simmons, S. H. Gray was appointed to correspond with the citizens of the counties of Carteret, Pamlico, Lenoir and Wayne and ask their co-operation in this enterprise.

Moved and carried that a committee of two be appointed to attend a meeting of the directors of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. and lay before them our plans, and ask that they do not determine upon an Eastern terminus of their road until they have considered them.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

She Phosphorized Her Toe.

[Alta California.]

A lady of this city, whose little feet are always daintily shod, is also, unfortunately, the possessor of an obstinate and burning corn upon the smallest toe of her left foot. Chiropodists had dug tunnels through that corn, yanked at it with nippers, smeared it with stinging ointments, and, in despair, suggested amputation. The corn held the fort, and successfully resisted the assaults of the best razor the lady's husband possessed—used, of course, without his knowledge. Finally a kind friend suggested that if phosphorous was rubbed on the afflicted toe the corn would succumb. The lady determined to try the remedy, and did so just before retiring the other night, and, to her subsequent sorrow, forgot to tell her liege lord what she had done. The hour of midnight had struck in St. Mary's Cathedral clock, when the husband suddenly awoke, and was somewhat startled to see the flash of a firefly at the foot of the bed. Sleep was again asserting its mastery when once more the sheen of that firefly caused the husband to open wide his eyes. He could not recollect ever having seen a firefly in California, but he could not disbelieve his senses. Again and again that firefly flashed its baleful gleam, effectually banishing all thought of sleep from the now thoroughly aroused and wrathy husband. He determined to end his own misery and the firefly's existence simultaneously. He reached out in the dark, groped with his hand about the carpet until he felt his own heavy shoe. He raised the weapon slowly and cautiously, raised himself in bed, and lifting high the sturdy brogan brought it down with a vigorous whack on the innocent firefly. A wild shriek, an avalanche of bedclothes, and the husband lay sprawling in the middle of the floor, while his wife rolled around the bed, clasping her foot and moaning in anguish. It was the phosphorous anointed toe.

Battle of Bentonville.

Wade Hampton, in an article in the *Century* for October, after giving a description of the Battle, says:

As, however, I am not attempting to write a report of this battle, but simply to give a sketch of its main incidents, I have not alluded to the conduct of any of the troops engaged. I propose merely to give my reminiscences and impressions of an engagement which is memorable as the last general battle of the Civil War, and which, in my judgment, was one of the most extraordinary. Let me give my reasons chiefly for this opinion. The infantry forces of General Johnson amounted to about 14,100 men, and they were composed of three separate commands which had never acted together. These were Hardee's troops, brought from Savannah and Charleston; Stewart's, from the Army of Tennessee; and Hoke's division of veterans, many of whom had served in the campaigns of Virginia. Bragg, by reason of his rank, was in command of this latter force, but it was really Hoke's division, and he directed the fighting. The troops concentrated only recently for the first time, were stationed at and near Smithfield, eighteen miles from the field where the battle was fought, and it was from these points that General Johnston moved them, to strike a veteran army numbering about 60,000 men. This latter army had marched from Atlanta to Savannah without meeting any force to dispute its passage, and from the latter place to Bentonville unobstructed save by the useless affair at Averysboro', where Hardee made a gallant stand, though at a heavy loss. No bolder movement was conceived during the war than this of General Johnston, when he threw his handful of men on the overwhelming force in front of him, and no more gallant defense was ever made than his, when he confronted and baffled this force, holding a weak line for three days against nearly five times his number.

An Early Fall Perdicted.

[Greensboro North State.]

Under this heading, in our issue of July 14th, our crop editor said there would be a killing frost on the light of the moon, which would full on Oct. 1, and sure enough Sept. 25th brought a frost all over the Piedmont section of this State and Virginia. This prophesy was based upon the first singing of the katydid—which always occurs ninety days before frost, and as this insect made its appearance some fifteen days earlier than usual, an early frost was perdicted. The Dutch signs will do to observe.

The President will Stop in Asheville.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 1.—A letter received today by the President of the Asheville Board of Trade from Col. Daniel Lamont, private secretary of President Cleveland, says that the President has consented to stop at Asheville while on his way to Washington from Montgomery Ala. He willl reach here on Friday, October 21st.

When a young man detects the first evidence of hair on his upper lip he feels elevated, when in reality it is sort of a coming down.

FLESH TURNED INTO STONE.

Remarkable Stories of Petrification Occurring in the Bad Lands of Dakota.

[Milwaukee Journal.]

Dakota is truly a marvellous country. Not only wonderful in mineral and agricultural resources, but it abounds in geological formations that affords constant surprise and study for the student in the most interesting science. The Bad Lands, located seventy miles southeast of this point, have no equal on this continent as a receptable for petrifications of amphibious animals. The peculiarity of the soil transforms flesh into stone, but this power is not only confined to the soil of the Bad Lands, but exists in many localities in the Black Hills. A case has just come to the knowledge of your correspondent that has never been made public, and proves that many bodies buried in the Hills have turned to stone. The case at hand is that of a little son of Mr. Eugene Holcomb, a prominent citizen of Rapid City. Some years ago the boy died and was buried in a spot not set aside for general burying purposes. When the city grew and a cemetery was selected, Mr. Holcomb had a large monument erected, and the departed disinterred. The family expected when the shovel of the grave-digger reached the casket it would need replacing and had made preparations to that end. The coffin was reached, and as the man endeavored to place a rope underneath to twist it to the surface, he was surprised at its great weight. Thinking it was the narrow, contracted hole that reduced its strength, he made several more efforts, but only moved it a few inches, and was compelled to call for aid. Two men succeeded in placing the rope about the casket, and with a hard pull it was brought to the surface. An examination followed, and upon the deceased being revealed it was found that the body had turned, not as Scripture says: "Dust thou art, to dust returneth," but into solid rock. From a gentleman who was present and whose word can be relied upon, it was learned that the parents easily recognized the child. The body had assumed a dark-brown color, the features slightly shrunken, and he compared with the appearance of a mummy. The eyebrows and hair were of a lighter hue, while the hands looked perfect. It was the most singular sight he had ever witnessed, and only the sensitive feelings of the parents kept the matter from the newspaper columns. The boy was again interred, and now rests peacefully in the family lot for aught we know.

The strange transformation of the body is not the only instance recorded. The few number of dead removed has not afforded an opportunity to learn how common an occurrence this may be, but learned gentlemen tell me that when Gabriel blows his bugle, or the disinterring of bodies becomes necessary in the Black Hills country, many bodies will be found turned to stone. The other instance related is that of Wild Bill, murdered in Deadwood by Jock and Call ten years ago. Bill was buried on the mountain side, and building of residences compelled the unearthing of his bones. What was the surprise of his friends when they discovered that the famous frontiersman was a solid stone—petrified. This revelation may appear strange to eastern readers, but here it is an open secret.

The Great Tumble Weed.

[Wichita (Lan.) Journal.]

This weed once grew plentiful through this country and Colorado. When green they present a very pretty appearance and look more like a dwarf tree than a weed. They are very dangerous in case of a prairie fire, and often dangerous in plain wind storms when there in no fire. In case of fire the flames seem to strip the plant of its leaves, and it at once goes rolling before the flaming hurricane a perfect wheel of fire. These revolving wheels of fire will jump an ordinary furrow or fire break and carry the fire into the timber or grass, as the case may be. Nothing can stop their progress but a river. Into these they jump, leaping out into the stream forty, fifty and sixty feet, and go down with a kiss, throwing up a column of steam where they sink.

In Colorado wind-storms these weeds are also a source of much danger. In Middle Park, a few years ago, a party of travelers were suddenly overtaken by a storm. Seeing what they supposed to be a mass of huge boulders in the distance, they made for them, thinking they would afford at least a partial shelter. To their surprise, as they approched, the boulders suddenly broke loose and commenced rolling toward them at a furious rate, cutting all sorts of curious capers and gyrating menacingly as they came. At times they would strike an obstruction and bound high in the air, and again striking the ground resume their rapid circular motion. The travelers put spurs to their horses, and it was only by the greatest effort they managed to escape from the track of these monsters. On examination they found their supposed boulders were really immense weeds, which had been torn up by the roots by the wind-storm.

These weeds are so solid that they are a great menace to man and beast under such circumstances. Impelled by a heavy wind, they go with force enough to kill a horse, and a human being is in great danger if he cannot get out of the track of these monsters when they are running before a hurricane or in case of a prairie fire.

About Decapitating.

The *Progres Medical* publishes a paper by Drs. Regnard and Loye on the examination of the head and body of a conviet immediately after his decapitation by the guillotine. The prisoner was calm to the last, and not pale, even when his neck was fixed ready to receive the fatal knife. Two seconds after decapitation the cheeks were still rosy, the eyes wide open, with moderately dilated pupils, the mouth firmly closed. When a finger was placed close to one eye no change of expression took place, but on touching an eye or the tips of the lashes, during the first five seconds, the lid closed just as in life. This reflex action could not be elicited from the sixth second after decapitation. The jaws were tightly clinched and could not be opened by manual force; no similar muscular contraction could be detected in the trunk or extremities. One minute after death the face began to turn pale, the trunk remained flaccid, the carotids continuing to throw out blood remaining in the circulatory area. At the end of four minutes the face was quite pale, the upper lids were half closed, the jaws less firmly clinched than before. The knife had passed through the lower part of the fourth cervical. These researches show that not a trace of consciousness remains two seconds after beheading; that reflex movements of the cornea can be excited for a few seconds; that the heart may beat for an hour, the auricles continuing to pulsate alone for over half that period; and that, putting aside the reflex movements of the eyelid, the contraction of the jaws, and the jets of blood from the carotids, it seemed in this case as though a corpse had been decapitated, so inert were the remains of the conviet. Drs. Regnard and Loye note how calm and free even from physiological death-struggle symptoms is death by the guillotine. There is not even asphyxia. In this country we take on ourselves the responsibility of destroying life judicially. That so grave a task should be done as mercifully as possible is self-evident. Hanging is a very different matter from decapitation. Anglo-Saxon sentiment is against the headsman, but surely a contrivance for a *more calme et sans agonie* might be devised to replace the ill-fated gallows.

Sunset Cox in Egypt.

[New York World.]

"Sunset" delivered a lecture last evening at the Windsor Theatre under the auspices of the Steckler Association. His subject was "Observations upon Turkey," and the crowd which came to listen to him was so large that many had to be turned away. * * * After Bayne's Sixty-ninth Regiment Band had discoursed a few lively selections President Julius Harburger, of the Steckler Association, introduced Judge Alfred Steckler, who was down on the programme for a speech. Mr. Steckler was so anxious to hear Mr. Cox that he declined to say anything. The latter came before the footlights in the midst of a storm of cheers. "I feel," he said, "as if I ought to make you a Turkey salaam after the hearty welcome you have given me. The turk, when he bows to a man, picks up the earth. He touches his heart to show the cordiality of his greetings, and his head to indicate the confirmation of it by his brain. Then he loosens his tongue and gives expression to it."

The speaker went through the motions with mock gravity, to the great merriment of his audience.

"I can't in my awkward way," he said, "illustrate the grace and politeness of a Turkish salaam. They have many things in common with Americans, and one particular thing in common with myself. They always begin the day at 'Sunset.' I know that my mother-in-law used to tell me that the old Puritans began the day in the morning and ended it at sunset, and I never went back on 'Sunset' when I could help it. There are a great many young men I know of who are interested in politics down in our district who end their day at sunrise.

"It must have struck some of you as being very strange that in going to Turkey I took only my wife with me. But it was all the wife I had, as the fellow said of his head when the executioner went to clip it off. The Mahometans are legally entitled to four wives, but my friend the Sultan has 484. He dosen't know them all, but he has their names written on their doors which is just as well when he wants to make a call. I never had a chance to get into a harem and so I can't tell you what the interior is like. Oh, yes, I did get into a harem once, but I got out again in a great hurry; but I won't tell you about that to-night.

"When I was in Thebes I went down in a freshly opened grave, and there on the walls I read the history of its occupant. He was just 4,300 years old, and—he was dead. The figures on the wall showed that he had been an agriculturist, and scales showed that he had brought his harvest down the river and exchanged it for gold. I've got the body now in a warehouse down town, and I had half a mind to bring him up here this evening.

"When I came back from my trip on the Nile I met the Khedive and he says to me: 'Your Excellency'—they always called me that over there, although I did not like it—he says: 'Your Excellency, what is the reason that your country has attained a population of 60,000,000 in only a hundred years?' I replied that it was the attraction of our immigration system. 'Have you ever,' he asked, 'had any immigrants out of our country?' 'Yes,' I replied, we have had two. I shipped them yesterday. They were mummies.'

"Perhaps I am the only American who ever shook hands with old King Pharoah of Egypt. He was a little bit dusty, but I shook hands with him just the same. They had him under a glass case, which was raised for my benefit, and there was a history of all his movements, even including those which occurred after his death."

Dying in the Lord.

Francis Ridley Havergal, during her last illness, while suffering intensely from high fever in sweet submission said "God's will is delicious; he makes no mistakes," Bidding one of her physicians good-bye, she asked, "Do you really think I am going?" He answered, "Yes." "To-day?" she enquirey. "Propably," was the reply. Then she exclaimed, "Beautiful! too good to be true!" and looking up with a smile, added' "splendid! to be so near the gates of Heaven!" Later, as the time of her departure came, she nestled down into the pillows, folded her arms upon her breast, saying, "there—it is all over! Blessed rest! Her countenance became radiant with the glory seemingly breaking in upon her soul, and those who watched her thought she appeared as if she was conversing with the King in his beauty. She tried to sing, but after one sweet note her voice failed, and was gone to be with her Lord.

Rev. F. L. Reid of the *Christian Advocate*, reports the endowment fund for Trinity college as reaching nearly $30,000. This is a remarkably large collection to be made from the time it was determined to raise the fund. President Crowell, of the College, Bishops Duncan and Key, Rev. Dr. Bobbitt and others have worked with all their hearts in the matter and with the above success. It seems that the endowment of $100,000 will be secured much sooner than was expected even by the most sanguine. Educational mass meetings are being held all over the State and from $1,000 to $2,500 raised at each place.

How Wallace Wrote.

Gen Lew Wallace has been talking to a reporter. He says: 'I began 'The Fair God' when I was 18 years old. Mexico and her history has always had a charm for me. I began this book and then I went to the Mexican war as a soldier and fought over the ground I had thought so much about. When I returned I took up the thread of the story and finished it.

"'Ben Bur' is now seven years old and yet it continues to sell. That story went very curiously. It did not sell so much the first year as the second. That is something rather unusual, I am told, in a story. The public didn't seem to understand what it was exactly when it was first published. But it is certainly going very nicely now."

"Don't you attribute a portion of its success to the fact of its semi-religious nature?"

"I certainly do. I think a great many people read it who do not read novels generally. You know it is said that a large element of John B. Gough's success lay in the fact that he had power as an actor. People who never thought of attending a theater would listen to Gough with great pleasure."

"Had you ever been in the Holy Land when you wrote your book?"

"No, sir. I finished 'Ben Bur' in the old palace of the Montezumas, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, when I was Governor of that Territory. I worked with a large map of the country before me. I studied every point and carried my characters from place to place with great care. I read all the books I could get hold of on the nature of the country and the habits of the people, and, finally, when I was Minister to Turkey, I decided to go to Palestine and Jerusalem to see if there were any portions of the book that ought to be re-written."

"Did you find any?"

"I found there was not a single word I could change. It was just as I wanted it. There were, indeed, some very striking coincidences. I rode out from Jerusalem to Bethlehem and, leaving my horse, walked back. All this ground I had described minutely by studying my map for the geography and studying books of travel for the topography. At a certain point in the book I described the mother and sister of my hero, who were lepers, as taking refuge in a tomb and waiting for the coming of Jesus. When I reached the proper point in the journey, sure enough, there was the tomb, as I had described. I had also described these women as having sat by the wayside on a big white stone. Even the stone was there. The description which I had given of the view from Mount Olives, across the valley of Kedron, was as good as I could have written as I sat there and actually saw it."

Besides a work of extraordinary merit, Mr. Wallace has in Ben Bur, as regards accuracy of detail in historical events, a novel that ranks with the most careful ever written. However, one error has come to our knowledge in book III where a traveler is spoken of as being able to see the smoking cone of Vesuvius in the year 24, A. D. It was as late as 79 before Vesuvius again became active.

The Bane of Engineers.

"Moonlight nights—they are the bane of engineers," remarked a head official of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to a Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette* reporter. He is a gentleman who knows every branch of railroading.

"I would have thought that the train men would be glad to have moonlight nights," interposed the writer.

"No, sir; all engineers dread moonlight nights; they try the nerves of the engineers to the utmost. Engineers like to run on dark nights. On a moonlight night the trouble with them is no trouble at all—shadows. An engineer, looking out from his engine, sees before him all manner of shadows. He is sure that the shadows across the track is a man, or a rock, or some kind of an obstruction. He doesn't know, and he is kept in a state of nervous excitement all the time. Going around curves, along hillsides, many curious shadows are outlined on the track, and very often an engineer is so worked up over a night's ride that he is scarcely able to perform his duties. Some years ago, when I was going over the main stem of the Baltimore & Ohio one night there was a freight wreck ahead of us. They were running freight in convoys then, or as we call them, in sections. Our train was stopped and I went forward to see what was the damage. Lying in a cut was about the worst wreck I have ever seen. It was a moonlight night and when I got forward I saw the engineer. He was shaking all over with excitement. He was one of the oldest and best engineers on the road and I was surprised to see him nervous, as he escaped unhurt.

"What is the trouble, Tom?" I asked him. I could see nothing wrong.

"'It was a rock," replied Tom. 'I was coming around the curve when I saw it. It was a big one—big enough to smash a whole train. I reversed the engine to avoid the smash up, and the cars coming down the grade just piled up in the shape you see them."

"I looked around but could see no rock anywhere. The wreck was cleared away that night and there wasn't a sign of an obstruction near the locomotive. We all were curious to find out what had caused the trouble. The next night a railroad man went to the cut, and there in the moonlight he saw a perfect image of a big rock lying across the track. He looked up on the hillside and there was a big rock throwing its shadow down on the track that cost the company thousands of dollars. No, sir; if an engineer wants things to suit him, he don't want moonlight to suit him, he don't want moonlight by which to run his train."

Night Air.

[Sanitary Engineer.]

An extraordinary fallacy is the dread of night air. What air can we breath at night but night air? The choice is between pure night air from without and foul air from within. Most people prefer the latter—an unaccountable choice. What will they say if it is proved to be true that fully one-half of all the diseases we suffer from, are occasioned by people sleeping with their windows shut? An open window, most nights in the year, can never hurt any one. In great cities night air is often the best and purest to be had in twenty-four hours. I could better understand shutting the windows in town during the day than during the night, for the sake of the sick. The absence of smoke, the quiet, all tend to make night the best time for airing the patient. One of our highest medical authorities on consumption and climate has told me that the air of London is never so good as after ten o'clock at night. Always air your room, then, from the outside air if possible. Windows are made to open, doors are made to shut—a truth which seems extremely difficult of apprehension. Every room must be aired without, every passage from within.

One Tenth of a Dime.

It is almost impossible to attach my importance to one cent, but at the same time it is a very important coin at times, says an exchange.

It will take a circular to California, and it will make you madder than a hatter and a March hare combined when you go to pay your fare on a horse-car and find that you have but four cents and a ten-dollar bill.

One cent is very small, but when it is added to the rate of interest you receive on a stock, it posesses a stern magnificent grandeur that carries you away like a strain of music.

The penny, it seems, was made to put on church plates, and although a man may say it amounts to nothing, he will strike matches and lift mats and crawl about in the straw on a horse car to find the one he drops. it is so small a coin that you have to take off your glove to take hold of it in your pocket, and yet it is so large, when the baby swallows it, the chances of the baby's living are sometimes not worth a cent.

Although one cent is less than ten cents, yet one cent is a great deal larger than a dime. Many a man has gone thirsty all day with four cents in his pocket. For the want of that one cent the four were as useless as the eleven men on a jury who are held on against one.

The Morning Hour.

The best time for Bible reading is in the morning. The mind and body are fresh after the night, and the highest powers of thought may be brought to bear upon the chapter selected. But with most people each recurring morning brings its own pressing tasks. Besides cares, the daily toil and the duties of the household, are the first and most engrossing concerns. Some hours must pass, with many, before they can find time to sit down to quiet reading. Let the plan be honestly tried of taking some words from God's book for the first meditation of the morning. Make for the next month a fair, stedfast trial of the plan of studying the Bible when your faculties are at mental high water mark. You wonder at the familiarity of this or that friend with the Psalms, the Epistles, the Gospels. It has been gained a little at a time, by patient, daily reading—thoughtful and prayerful reading, too, which was lived by the soul as something worth treasuring. We shall all gain immeasurably in our influence, as well as in own comfort, by giving more of our own unwearied thought to the Holy Book. A few tired, sleepy, wornout moments at night, and these only, are almost an insult to the Master, whom you profess to serve.—Selected.

His "Birdie's" Queer Bird-Cage.

From the New York Times.

He had gond home a little late the week before a little the worse for wear, and was making a manly effort to get to bed without disturbing his silent partner, when his foot caught in something that felt like a bird-cage about his ankles, and he pitched forward until he reached the mantle, which he found with his nose. He uttered an exclamation which transformed his silent partner into a very active one, and compelled an explanation. A light being produced, the wreck of the object that had caused him to fall was brought up for inspection and analysis. It was his first offense, and his wife, therefore, allowed her concern over his mishap to dominate her indignation over the condition in which he presented himself. So she plastered his nose and said the wreck didn't matter; it could be easily replaced. "But where's the rest of it? and what's become of the bird? asked he. "The bird! what do you mean?" his wife exclaimed. Why, isn't that a bird-cage?" he inquired. "A bird-cage! ha! ha! Why yes: if I am your little birdie, as I used to be. That's my bustle," she said.

A New Industry.

The New York *Truth* says: A singular advertisement attracted my attention the other day. It was a call for 10,000 live fleas, to be delivered in parcels of not less than 5,000 each, at a certain address. I found that the man was a flea trainer, and gathered these facts: That it takes three months to teach a flea to do anything worthy of public performance; that only one flea in a thousand can be taught anything; that a performing flea usually lives a year, with great care, and that in response to his advertisement he had received in three days one package, estimated to contain 3,000 fleas, and they came from the dog pound. He paid twenty-five dollars for them, and they were very good fleas.

"Dan," said a contractor to one of his trusted employes, "when you are down seeing about the lime this morning I wish you would mention to Dempsey that I would like to have that little bill paid. You needn't press it, you know, but just mention it to him in an off-hand manner."

"Yes, sor."

"I got the money from Dempsey, sorr," said Dan, on his return.

"I am very glad; you merely alluded to it in an off-hand way, I suppose?"

"Yes, sorr; I handed him the bill and towld him if he didn't pay it I would let off me hand and give him a wipe in the jaw that he wouldn't forget for a while; and he paid it at wanst."

An Iowa girl who was voted the handsomest lady in the county fainted away three times in succession when the joyful news was brought to her. A different man caught her each time.

It's time to start a Know-Nothing party in England, and cry "England for the English!" Polydore de Keyser has just been elected Lord Mayor of London.

Wake Up!

P. T. BARNUM

Says our people like to be humbugged, and such seems to be the case.

Where is the reason in paying 5 cents for a Spool of Thread when it can be bought at the Racket Store for

2 Cents?

Where is the reason in paying $1.00 or $1.25 for Miller's Shirt when you can buy at the Racket Store, for

65 and 73 Cents,

the CELEBRATED New York Mills Shirt, warranted the best on the market?

What's the use in paying 50 cents for Half-Hose when they can be had at the Racket Store at any price from

5 Cents

up, and the Very Best for 25 Cents?

Our Needles are THE BEST, and only

2 Cents

a paper.

We are selling Ladies' Silk Jersey Gloves this week at

28 Cents.

Plenty of other grades for 5 cents up.

Our BEST BRASS PIN is ONLY

4 Cents.

But our great bargains this week are in Ladies' Jerseys, ranging from

47c. to $1.55,

for an elegant all-wool, sateen front and braided.

Our stock of Stationery is complete, and our prices are 100 per cent. less than any other house.

The bargains in

Tinware

eclipse them all. A large stock on hand, and our prices are low. Anything in this line can be found at the Racket.

Our stock of Gents' Neckwear is the most complete and the styles are the very nobbiest to be had. In this department you will find Suspenders at all pices. Also, a lot of men's and boys' 3-ply and 4-ply Linen Collars at

5 Cents

Each.

We have an A No. 1 Line of Shoes, and they were bought for cash direct from the factory, saving you

15 per cent.

on every pair you buy. Come and see them.

In Hardware you will find some solid cast-steel Chisels—1 inch—for only

19 Cents.

We will receive this week a No. 1 line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Hats, and the figures we shall place upon them will open your eyes. Look out for them.

When you have read these facts, ask yourself, Why buy from a credit system, with its high tolls, when you have a live cash system close at hand that saves you 25 to 50 per cent. on the dollar?

Wake Up!

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 13, 1887.

THE VEXED QUESTION.

There is no question that gives more trouble or is more important than the question of the tariff. Both parties, although their platforms are plain and unmistakable in promising, are divided, the difference being that Republicans, let their individual views be what they may, submit quietly to party dictation, while the Democrats construe the platform to suit their individual interests, or the interest of the locality which they represent. Thus, Mr. Randall, although in all other matters acting with the Democratic party, has voted and spoken in favor of a protective tarriff because it suits the State of Pennsylvania, and has prevented the Democrats from redeeming the pledge made to the people. Conferences have lately been held, and it is given out that a compromise has been affected between Mr. Randall and Mr. Carlisle, the leaders of the two wings, each making concessions. The great question is whether to reduce the revenue on the necessaries of life, or to abolish the Internal Revenue. The OBSERVER is no lover of the Internal Revenue, but it perfers cheap clothing to cheap whiskey, and desires to see the high tariff on the necessaries of life first reduced. We wish consumers to be benefited, and not that the monopolies should profit at the cost of the consumers. The Interlal Revenue is a war measure, and so are the duties on necessaries, so in this particular they stand upon the same footing, and to repeal the Internal Revenue first would surely render it necessary to continue, if not increase, this burden which now falls heavily on the farmer. Whiskey and tobacco are by no means necessary. It is not incumbent upon any one to chew or drink, and although the system is, we admit, a bad one, nevertheless it is better for the people, and we believe also to the manufacturer, that it remain. He who dances must pay the fiddler; so he who drinks must in the end pay the tax. It is a voluntary one, and no one is compelled to pay it unless he indulges in this expensive luxury of his own free will. We shall be glad to see the Internal Revenue collected by the States for their own individual use, but as our national expenses are increasing in paying pensions, &c., we do not care to see heavier burdens placed upon the bone and sinue of the land, that people may drink and chew at less expense.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S TOUR.

The tour of the President has been one grand ovation. Wherever he goes he has met with a warm and cordial reception, and his speeches on each and every occasion have been models of propriety and peculiarly appropriate. The more we read them, the more we are impressed with the wisdom that the country has displayed in placing him where he is. He is one, who by nature seems ready for the occasion. His words are aptly chosen and his speeches, like his administration, are plain, practical and dignified; his mingling with the people will win him many friends. His whole official conduct since his inauguration has been such that all who love right and justice are drawn to him. Under his wise and patriotic administration the thinking people are satisfied, for, as the Baltimore *Sun* says, "The reforms accomplished have been many and important. The public service has been purified to a considerable extent; the standard of official integrity has been raised; the civil service law has been given an honest trial; vast tracts of public lands in the grasp of monopolists have been rescued for settlements, and the credit of the country has been maintained at home and abroad. The President's sturdy personality has impressed itself deeply on public affairs, and in innumerable instances he has given expression to views and opinions which every patriotic American has been quick to recognize as having the ring of the true metal. It is in fact the President's intense Americanism which makes him so popular. The masses of the people recognize in him a kindred spirit, a typical American, and it is for this reason and because his administration is universally conceded to be a thoroughly clean and reputable one, that the President's trip may be expected to be a continuous ovation."

Col. E. D. Hall has been elected Chief of Police in Wilmington. It is a most capital appointment. He was elected to fill the position made vacant by the death of Capt. Brock. Col. Hall has filled many positions in Wilmington—was for many years Sheriff of the county, then for several terms Mayor of the city, and now resigns the position of Alderman to accept that of Chief of Police. He is a man of ability, and is thoroughly conversant with the affairs of the city.

Maj. McClammy has returned from Washington City, where he has been trying to place Democrats in offices held by Republicans.

We regret to learn that the health of Congressman Rowland is still precarious. He has been a great sufferer.

Our County Fair.

[For the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—You know with what trepidation and anxiety I accepted the very responsible position of President of our Agricultural Society for this year. I am now glad that I followed your advice, to accept the position, go ahead and do my best. So far as our preparations for the Fair have gone, my task has been an easy one, for I find so many willing helpers. All our merchants will do everything in their power to make our visitors feel at home during Fair week, and all expect to do something for the exhibition.

But this is not all we want or hope for. We sincerely trust that every farmer, especially in Cumberland county, will send some of his produce. We wish the farmers to come themselves, and bring their wives and daughters with them. We wish them to mingle with and get better acquainted with our town boys and girls. For are we not all working together for one end—to make old Cumberland the banner agricultural and manufacturing county of the State?

Our promised attractions for the event were never greater. With our distinguished and beloved Senator Vance to tell the farmers how to make their farms self-supporting; and with Major Bingham's Battalion of 200 cadets, to show our boys and girls what discipline and thorough training will do and are doing for the next generation—with such attractions as these and many others, Thursday will indeed be a gala day. On Friday we expect to have a Tournament, in which all the young men are invited to participate. This part of the festivities will be under the management of Chief Marshal C. L. Campbell and his assistants.

Senator Vance is expected to arrive on Thursday, the 10th, and all the horsemen are invited to participate in his reception. We hope to see not less than 500 horsemen in waiting at the depot to give the Grand Old Man a rousing welcome.

Yours Respetfully,
WALTER WATSON.

Southport as the Terminus for the C. F. & Y. V. Railway.

[For the Observer.]

The papers now have many and lengthy articles as to where the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. should make a terminus, and find a good harbor. The FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER is the only paper that has had the wisdom and independence to suggest that it might be Southport. Certainly it has advantages such as none of the other places mentioned can possibly compare with. Wilmington is twenty-eight miles above Southport—practically that distance from the sea. Every vessel bound there is obliged to pass Southport; and from that time her expenses begin. First, she must take a river pilot; then, a tug. If she draws over 16 feet she must return to Southport to finish taking in her cargo from lighters. After all this, which has cost her hundreds of dollars, she is ready for sea—if not disabled by her crew being down with fevers contracted while lying in fresh water.

All these extra expenses would be avoided if the vessel loaded down here. The harbor of Southport is constantly improving, and what has cost the government millions of money to *try* and make for Wilmington that which the former place already has. Vessels drawing 20 feet can be brought into Southport. I happened to be visiting there last Spring when the French frigate came in. She was bound for Wilmington, but as she drew 17 feet the pilots would not risk taking her up the river, although Wilmington begged that she might be carried there—"Even if she does scrape, bring her, only bring her!" But, no! Little Southport looked upon the magnificent Wilmington in her chagrin, and then at the Frenchman safely anchored behind the pavilion, and serenely smiled. The officers were carried to Wilmington on the cutter *Colfax*, but the frigate remained at Southport, although it was reported in the Wilmington papers that she laid at the wharf up there. A railroad which has a large coal traffic needs acres of room, not a few contracted city lots. At Southport, the company could get all the room they want, and on the river skirt. A fine coaling station could be made there. Vessels of deep draught could run in there for coal, but would never run the risk of going thirty miles up the river for the same purpose, for fear of meeting the same fate as the steamship *Nicosian*, which came in loaded with railroad iron, grounded 12 miles below Wilmington, and had to be lightened before she could proceed. But none of this part in the papers, oh, no! Those same papers blow loud and long blasts for Wilmington up their horns. As to the neighboring towns, they may go to his Satanic majesty for aught they care. One little town down the river does not propose to do that, all the same. To be sure, it now lies hidden and undeveloped as the great mines of black diamonds, which will yet find their way into the world through its smooth, deep waters, thereby making it one of the most important ports of the South. Its charming and health-giving climate is another great attraction to draw people to it. From the town of Southport, looking towards Bald Head and Caswell, one is strongly reminded of the city of New York, looking from the city towards the Narrows. Who knows what a splendid future the little town may yet have.

J.

Who will be Dr. Dabney's successor?

[Durham Recorder.]

The many friends of Mr. De Lagnel Haigh, formerly of Fayetteville, N. C.; and now of St. Louis, Mo., would rejoice to see him called back to his native State to fill the place made vacant by Dr. Dabney's resignation, and the RECORDER knows of no better selection that could be made by the State board of Agriculture.

Mr. Haigh is the son of Dr. T. D. Haigh, of Fayetteville, and though a young man, has already won for himself high distinetinction as an accomplished chemist, having graduated with high honors at the University of Michigan, where he took a post graduate course, and on completing the same was offered the position of Professor of Chemistry in that celebrated institution, which, however, he declined on account of prior engagements with a drug manufacturing establishment in St. Louis. We are informed that if desired now his services might be procured by the State Board of Agriculture. Give our own young men a showing, gentlemen of the Board of Agriculture, especially when we have as good if not better talent, native and "to the manor born."

Dunn *Signboard:* On Tnrsday night of last week burglars made a successful attack an the town of Benson, and entered the stores of Messers' S. H. O' Neal. D. H. Wallace, and M. Woods. They captured a large lot of goods and more than $100 in cash. No clue as to the perpetrators has been obtained. It is thought that the same parties attempted to get in some of their work in Dunn on Friday night, as a man was seen skulking around the back part of C. T. Williams & Co's store; he was detected and several pistol shots fired at him as he ran off to the woods.

Durham *Recorder:* A gentleman who arrived here from Person reports having seen millions of frogs moving eastward. They were of all sizes and kinds from the yellow tree frog to the green, bass voiced bull, He never saw the like before, and thinks it probable they are heading towards Raleigh to greet Sherman and Billy Mahone at the colored fair.

Smirhfield *Herald:* A man from Johnston county went to New York at the bid of a counterfeiter, planked down $500 for $7,000 of the counterfeit money, put it in his satchel, as he supposed, but when he reached the hotel and examined the satchel found nothing in it. He returned to Johnston county, a wiser, if not a better man; financially worse off, however, as he left five hundred dollars in genuine greenbacks in New York City. We are glad to learn that the party that went with him did not get duped also.

State-Treasurer Bain says the indications are that there is a considerable increase in the value of the property of the State as compared with last year. This is shown by reports from the counties so far received. The last Legislature reduced the rate of taxation from twentw-five cents to twenty cents per one hundred dollars' valuation of property, so that amount of taxes, even at the increased valuation, will be smaller than last year. Treasurer Bain says that in North Carolina the taxes are now lower than in any other State according to population and wealth.

Along with the talk about who shall be the Democratic candidate for Governor next year, there is a good deal of talk about who shall be chairman of the Democratic State executive committee. The choice of a chairman is hardly less important than that of the head of the ticket, and it should be made soberly and deliberately, not as a compliment to some clever gentleman, but with reference to the work connected with the position and to his qualifications for it.

Reidsville *Democrat:* There is a negro boy with an elephant's snout living near Reidsville. He is Charles Wright's son. His mother before his birth was badly frightened in a show in Danville ten years ago. She got suddenly too near the elephant. The boy is ten years old, he has no knee pans, but is well shaped, his right arm runs into a perfect snout, and with it by the help of his toes he picks up things from the ground just as an elephant would nuts. He feeds himself in that way.

A meeting of the N. C. Board of Pharmacy will be held in the city of Raleigh on Wednesday of fair week, October 19th, for the purpose of examining such candidates for license to practice pharmacy as may appear before it. Any further information will be cheerfully furnished by the secretary of the board, William Simpson, Raleigh, N. C.

Goldsboro *Argus:* "Yes, sir, said a leading business man of the city yesterday, it may be too early to begin looking around for the next Governor of the State, but I am for Charley Stedman first, last and all the time, and it is my opinion that he would make a strong run and a capital Governor.

Petersburg *Index Appeal:* Rev. Duncan McLeod, of Lillington, N. C., has accepted a call extended him a short time ago by the Byrne street Baptist church in this city and will enter upon his pastoral work here on the 23rd instant. Mr. McLeod comes highly recommended.

The *Enterprise* says there has not been a single death of a white adult in High Point since July, 1886, about 14 months, and that there have been only three deaths there of persons between the ages of 15 and 40 in four years.

News and Observer: Father White, for years the priest at the church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus' has gone to Asheville, to take charge of the Roman Catholic church there, and Father Reilly, of Newbern, has come here.

For the first nine months of 1887 there have been $6,432,000 invested in North Carolina in new enterprises, the enlargement of old plants and re-building. In 1886 the amount was $2,992,200.

News and Observer: This morning a negro boy who was sorting a lot of junk in a junk store, came across a money-belt, in which was $16.55. The money is thought to have been lost by a Texas horse dealer.

The *Chronicle* says Charlotte pays this year a tax on over $4,000,000—$300,000 more than the year before. Poll tax not included.

The Goldsboro *Argus* says that a civil service examination will be held in that city October 6th, beginning at 9 o'clock.

Hon. A. M. Waddell will deliver the annual address before the Association of the Army of Northern Virginia on the 18th inst.

There are 193 students at Wake Forest College.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—Surgen-General Hamilton this morning received the following telegram:

Tampa, Fla., Oct. 8th, 1887.

Four deaths from yellow fever. About cases. Few of these have passed the fever stage of seventy-two hours. Many people have fled. It may be necessary to establish a camp of refuge in the country. The mails can be fumigated.

J. P. WALL, M. D.

The Prohibition election in Kentucky resulted in a defeat of that measure by 15,000 majority.

Irving Hall has split up, the true Democrats withdrawing rather than be untrue to their principles.

An anarchist's meeting was dispersed in Chicago a few days since. Herr. Most was near by, but failed to appear.

Hon. Samuel J. Randall has accepted an invitation to be present and open the great Piedmont Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., on the 10th.

It was estimated that $100,000 would be sufficient to maintain the Inter-State Commerce Commission; but the Commission now say that it will require $200,000.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 7.—The schooner *Peregrine*, while cruising off Cape Sable, found a large grayish mass floating on the water. It was picked up, and chemists here have pronounced it to be ambergris. The specimen weighs 125 pounds, and is worth $30 an ounce, or $59,800 in all.

It seems as if the friends of the condemned Anarchists are determined to use every means to prevent them from being hung. Large sums of money are being raised in this country and England, and petitions innumerable are being gotten up in their favor. Their case will be carried before the U. S. Supreme Court, and there is doubt as to what may be the final result.

Warrenton *Gazette:* On Tuesday and Wednesday of last week, there was a colored man at Warrenton, who said he was representing a London syndicate who wish to loan any amount on any length of time, at 8 per cent. interest. The loans were secured by mortgages on real estate. He charges $16 for looking up titles, &c., and collected about $1,000 in that way. None of the titles have been looked up. We do not know, but it looks very much like a swindle to us. No man need to come from London here to lend money.

There is a pickle factory at Fredericksburg, Va., which is supplied with cucumbers from lands near the city. The supply this season has reached 30,000,000, some of the producers raising as many as 1,000,000 cucumbers. It is denominated one of the "small industries." Could not some of our truckers make money by paying attention to this business?

NATHAN A. STEDMAN.

Just one word of love and tribute to a friend of sixty years, to commemorate a crowning virtue. Frank, outspoken, an exuberance of feeling which manifested itself in impulsiveness of speech and laid the heart wide open to to all who came within hearing of his voice. Like Nathaniel, of Galilee, who received the commendation of Christ, "In whose spirit there was no guile." Fond recollections spring up in one heart which will live forever.

W.

DIED.

BEVIL.—At the residence of his brother-in law, Mr. W. R. Wicker, on Friday evening, Oct. 7th, JOHN BEVIL, of Florence, S. C., in the 30th year of his age.

MCCLENAHAN.—In Pittsboro, on the morning of the 6th, DR. JOHN S. MCCLENAHAN.

MCARTHUR.—On Sept. 28th, ALLEN, infant son of J. A. and L. M. McArthur.

MARRIED.

ROBEY—GRAINGER.—At St. Paul Church, Goldsboro, by Bishop Key, the Rev. Dr. Robbey, editor of the *Methodist Advance*, to Mrs. Rebecca Grainger.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex. says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. L. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malaria Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50c and $1 at B. E. Sedberry's.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consuption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in in all Throat Lung and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

BEAUTIFUL NEW BOOKS.

The University Publishing Co., New York, are now publishing the neatest and most useful sets of School Readers that have yet been presented to the public. The generation of school children now learning to read and use the English language properly are greatly favored above all others. Here are books filled with interesting and instructive articles and beautiful stories, printed with the blackest type upon the brightest paper, and embellished with the very finest engravings. What a contrast between these brilliant books and those which we thumbed over in our boyhood! The oldest of our readers, as well as the youngest, will be delighted in looking over these elegant volumes. They may be obtained by inquiring for or ordering "Holmes New Readers."

For Indigesstion,
Sick Headache,
Constipation,
Inactive Liver.

The merchant planning business schemes,
The preacher struggling through his themes,
The statesman in assembly halls,
The broker wild with "puts and calls,"
To *cool the Blood* and brace the mind,
Will TARRANT'S SELTZER safest find.

oct 1 2t

E. A. POE,
Manufacturer of BRICK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State. apl 21 tf

Housekeepers' Friends
ARE THOSE WHO SAVE THEM LABOR AND CARE.

We are continually striving to offer on this market the most reliable goods that can be had. Much time has been spent in the past two weeks in selecting wholesome and toothsome articles from the Northern markets. We have visited the markets of the world, and endeavored to purchase such goods as were entirely reliable, and we now extend

A CORDIAL INVITATION
To All to Call and Examine Our Stock.

We shall take especial pleasure in showing the Ladies what we have on hand. We endeavor to keep a store where they can come without fear of soiling silks or satins.

We call your attention to the following new goods, and ask a trial of them.

WE GUARANTEE THEIR QUALITY, ALSO SATISFACTION.

Martha Washington Buttered Flour, Martha Washington Rolled Oats, Martha Washington Magic Flour, Finest Jams in glass, Graham Flour, Pine Apple Cheese, Sapsago Cheese, Fine Chedar Cheese, Finest Cream Cheese, Finest Gilt Edge Butter, Finest Sour Mixed Pickles in bulk, Finest Sweet Mixed Pickles in bulk, Finest Chow Chow in bulk, Pickling Spices in ¼ lb. packages, Orange Cider, California Fruits in glass, Queen Olives in jars.

We cannot mention all the nice things; in fact, only a few. Call and see for yourselves. We will be glad to welcome you.

FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS.

We will furnish *to our* customers promptly.

We have just received an extra lot of FANCY CANDY. Some Cream Chocolate that is as nice as we ever tasted.

Our stock of HARDWARE is large, and, we think we can safely say, bought as low as any stock in Fayetteville. We will give you bottom prices. Numerous Household Articles.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

TRY
ExportBeer

Put up in cases of four dozen each.

Only $1.25 per Dozen.

W. J. McDONALD, JR.
oct 6 tf

Pocket Knives.

You can get a well-made, good metal Pocket Knife at McNeill & Co.'s | You can get a well-made, good metal Pocket Knife at McNeill & Co's. | You can get a well-made, good metal Pocket Knife at McNeill & Co's.

For 25 Cents. | For 25 Cents. | For 25 Cents.

2-Bladed Knives, 25c.
3-Bladed Knives, 25c.
4-Bladed Knives, 25c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Millinery and Fancy Goods.
MRS. DYE

Has just returned from the Northern cities, where she spent two weeks in selecting

The Latest and Most Desirable STYLES in

HATS, TIPS, PLUMES, HOSIERY, | BONNETS, VELVETS, GLOVES, CORSETS, | FANCY FEATHERS, SATINS, VEILS, LACES.

No. 17 Hay Street.

A Rare Chance.
My Residence on Haymount
—IS—
FOR SALE.
AND OPEN FOR INSPECTION FROM
9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

to any one wishing to purchase. Terms easy. One, two and three years, at 6 per cent. interest, or for cash. Overhanging the city, convenient to Market House, beautiful grounds, 400 feet by 400 feet, splendid drainage and every convenience.

The main building has (7) large rooms, 11 feet pitch, pantrys, closets, brick cellar, zinc lined tank, 1,500 gals. capacity, attached to bath room, roomy cook room with glass lockers, good water, ironing and store-rooms, hennery and fowl yard, wood house, stable, wagon and carriage house, summer and winter stables, cow house and feed rooms, brick furnace, meadow with duck and fish pond, splendid vegetable garden, all in fine order. The house is comparatively new, and convenient. Possession given November 1, 1887.

sept 15-tf G. A. THOMSON.

FAYETTEVILLE
GRADED and NORMAL SCHOOL.

THE FIFTEENTH SESSION of this SCHOOL will commence on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 19.

Pupils will be received at rates varying from $12.50 per school year in the lower grades to $30 in the highest, according to grade. Board may be had in respectable families at about ten dollars per month.

Graduates of this School are fully prepared to enter the Freshman Class in College.

Further information may be had on application to
R. M. NIMOCKS,
C. W. BROADFOOT,
W. N. TILLINGHAST,
Executive Committee.

sep 1 6t

Tobacco.

A COMPLETE LINE OF
TOBACCO, all GRADES,
From 20 Cents to $1.50 per Pound,
Can be had of
W. J. McDONALD, Jr.
july 7 tf

—FRESH—
Foreign and Domestic Fruits
Always on hand. Also, a full supply of
Fancy Groceries.
J. L. TATUM & CO.
sep 29 tf

NEW MILLINERY.

The undersigned is glad to inform her customers and the public generally that SHE HAS JUST RETURNED from NEW YORK, and is receiving and will continue to receive her large stock of

MILLINERY,
Comprising EVERYTHING in this Line

She cordially invites them to call.

MRS. JOHN SHAW.
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 29, 1887. 1m

Merchant Mills.

GIN NOTICE!

COTTON PLANTERS

will please note the fact that I have put

NEW AND IMPOVED GINS AND MACHINERY

in service for this season's work. With plenty of power, labor and conveniences, I can turn out your work satisfactorily and with promptness.

As I always pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for SEED COTTON, you had better come right along to the Mill, unload, get your CASH and be happy.

Respectfully,
JAS. D. McNEILL.
sep 14 tf

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust, executed on Aug. 15, 1885, by the North Carolina Millstone Company to the undersigned as Trustee, I will sell at public auction for cash, on the 10th day of November, 1887, at 10 o'clock, on the premises at Parkewood, Moore county, N. C., all the property of said company, consisting of a tract of land containing 750 acres, upon which is situated the Millstone Quarry, machine shops, dwelling houses, saw mill, patent roller flour mill, foundry, the store-house, and all the mills and machinery, stock in trade, material, wagons, tools, and all the other personal property, together with the franchise of the Company; also, the telephone line of 17 miles extending from Cameron, on R. & A. A. L. R. R., via Carthage, to Parkewood.

A. G. BRENIZER, Trustee.
Sept. 22, 1887. 29 te

HAWKES
CRYSTALIZED LENSES
TRADE MARK

Combined with Great Refracting Power

They are as Transparent and Colorless as Light Itself,

And for softness of endurance to the eye cannot be excelled, enabling the writer to read for hours without fatigue. In fact, they are

Perfect Sight Preservers

Testimonials from the leading physicans in the United States, governors, senators, legislators, stockmen, men of note in all professions and in different branches of trade, bankers, mechanics, etc., can be given who have had their sight improved by their use.

ALL EYES FITTED
And the Fit Guarnuteed by
B. E. SEDBERRY,
Fayetteville, N. C.,

These glasses are not supplied to peddlers at any price. A. K. HAWKES.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS { ATLANTA, GA. AUSTIN, TEXAS.

june 2

TOLTEC.

ANOTHER CASE OF
Toltec Cigars
JUST RECEIVED.
W. J. McDONALD, JR.

A FRESH SUPPLY
—OF—
GROCERIES!

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I have bought a full supply of

Family Groceries,

which I intend to offer to the public at the very lowest margin. I do not intend to be undersold. Families who will leave their orders with me may rely upon it that they will be satisfactorily and promptly attended to.

Canned Goods of all kinds,
Sugar, Coffee,
Lard, Bacon,
Breakfast Strips.
FLOUR A SPECIALTY.
Meal, Rice, Hominy.
In fact, Anything that a Family Wants.

Call and examine for yourself. I also keep Hardware, Wooden and Willow Ware, Tinware, &c.

☞ Goods delivered free. Call on
A. V. MAULTSBY,
sep 22 tf 69 Person Street.

IMPROVED FACILITIES
FOR
Ginning Cotton.

The Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill Company

have added to their former Plant an additional Engine to run their Cotton Gins. The Company is now prepared to gin cotton with expedition, in the best manner, on as reasonable terms as any Gin here or elsewhere, and deliver in merchantable order, promptly, at any point in town. The Company solicits a share of the patronage of planters. They will buy, daily, Cotton in the Seed at the Gins, and also Cotton Seed, for which the highest market prices will be paid.

ROGER S. WILLIAMS is in charge of the Gins, and N. B. ALEXANDER the Oil Mill, and will be at the Mill regularly every business day through the season.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
President.
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 8th, 1887. tf

CLOSING-OUT SALE
OF
Nursery Stock

I will furnish and set out Strawberry Plants in October and November at $1.00 per hundred, and $5.00 per thousand; also Asparagus Roots $2.00 per hundred; Moore's Early Grape Vines at 40c. each, $25 per hundred; Martha Grape Vines at 25c. each, $15 per hundred; Concord Grape Vines at 15c. each, $10 per hundred.

Any other Grape Vines, Fruit Trees, Evergreens, &c., planted at corresponding rates.

☞ I offer to plant the stock as an inducement to purchasers.

Apply to
C. W. WESTBROOK,
Fayetteville, N. C.
oct 1 3t

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A New Departure for Fayetteville.

VIGILANCE THE PRICE OF SAFETY.

PETROLEUM FOR FAMILY USE.

Horne's Tested Kerosene.

Not without expense and labor I have equipped myself for testing KEROSENE OIL, and will hereafter sell only such as will meet the requirements of the New York State law, which is considered the best and most stringent upon this subject.

Dealers and others wishing samples examined, can have it done at a moderate charge by the the most approved method.

No doubt this move will result favorable to all consumers. Encourage the PRIME MOVER.

H. R. HORNE.
sep 22 tf

PREPARE FOR
The Methodist Conference;
Do not wait too long.
GET READY FOR THE
Presbyterian Synod.
Both are to be held in Fayetteville this fall.

In order that your wishes may be satisfied and your houses put in perfect order, we have bought and are now daily receiving the largest lot of

FURNITURE
Ever Brought to Fayetteville.

We invite an inspection of our beautiful sets of WALNUT, CHERRY, POPLAR

BEDROOM AND PARLOR

FURNITURE! ELEGANT FURNITURE!
CHAIRS, LOUNGES,
SOFAS, SPRING BEDS.

☞ In fact, every article that is kept in a complete furniture store. We have also a full line of SASH! DOORS! BLINDS!

UNDERTAKERS' STOCK
Is up with the Times. | Is up with the Times.
S. SHEETZ & SON,
sep 22 3m 8 and 10 Green Street.

REMOVAL.

I have removed from my old stand to the store between Vann Brothers' and John Martin's, where full line of Family Groceries can be had.

☞ Call and see me.

sep 8 3m J. SAM. MAULTSBY.

THE
Aurora Watch

Is emphatically the best Watch made for the price.

—THE—
Aurora Watch

Is the most carefully and accurately made Watch, and is a first-class time keeper.

Warren Prior & Son

Are stockholders in the AURORA Watch Factory, and Selling agents for the AURORA Watch Co.

—SELECT YOUR—
WEDDING RING
—AND—
Bridal Presents
—OF—
PRIOR,
THE JEWELER.
feb 1 tf

—TO—
Parents and Guardians.

We would respectfully call your attention to a splendid line of

Pants Goods
FOR BOYS' SCHOOL WEAR,
Just Received and at Prices to Suit All.

—Also,—
50,000 YDS.
HAMBURG AND OTHER EDGINGS.
FROM 5 CENTS UP.

No need to enquire for the so-called "Bargain Counter," as you will find

Genuine Bargains
ON EVERY COUNTER
At
BROWN & RODDICK'S,
27 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
Branch of Wilmington House,
No. 9 North Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.
aug 23 tf

FOR SALE.

A STEAM PUMP AND BOILER,

all complete, at about one-third cost. Also, 2,000 feet second-hand iron pipe—2 inch. Also, a galvanized iron boiler, thirty gallons, adapted to coal or wood range or stove and suitable for both. Apply to
aug 25 tf McMILLAN BROS.

LAND SALE!

By virtue of a license issuing from the Superior Court of Harnett county, N. C., I will, on the 26th day of November, 1887, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., at the Court House in Lillington, sell at public auction a number of lots of land as the property of Mrs. F. Isabella Murchison, deceased, for the purpose of making real estate assets.

Correspondence and interviews respecting said land invited.

J. E. BRYAN, Adm'r
of J. F. Murchison.
s 21 ts

This, 15th day of Sept., 1887.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

shed Every Thursday at 19 Green Street
(Observer Building.)

RSDAY.....OCTOBER 13, 1887.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

r year (in advance).....$2 00
months (in advance).....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no
er sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square
inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subse-
ent publication.
Contracts for advertising for any space or time may
e made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by corres-
ondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. J. McFADDIN—Land Sale.
FAY. NAT. BANK—Statement.
WM. A. GUTHRIE—Read This.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR—P. R. R.
J. H. ROBERTS—House for Sale.
PEOPLE'S NAT. BANK—Statement.
WALTER WATSON—Headquarters.
E. G. STYRON & Co.—Roller Mills.
FRANK THORNTON—Beautiful Styles.
JOHN F. McRAE—Administrator's Notice.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

☞ If you owe for your subscription to the OBSERVER, send the money for a receipt.

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—We will furnish the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER and *North Carolina Farmer* from this date for two dollars and twenty-five cents a year.

What are you doing to aid the Fair?

Thursday and Friday will be the big days of our Fair.

The State Medical Society will be held here in May next.

If you wish to advertise your land, bring your products to the Fair.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church will be held here on the 25th of October.

Thirty-five more convicts were sent to work on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad last week.

The Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Eastern North Carolina will be held here in May.

We have permitted Newberne to have her say in our columns, so to-day we extend the privilege to Southport.

The Methodist Conference will be held here on Wednesday before the 1st Sunday in December. Bishop Key presides.

The *News and Observer* says there is some talk of building a narrow gauge railroad from Raleigh to Fayetteville. We shall gladly welcome it.

Mr. Styron has now received his machinery for his roller flour mill, and workmen are busy making preparations for putting it in position.

The Methodist Church is being greatly improved in its interior by the changes made. With a steeple its exterior would present a handsome appearance.

The Cumberland Fair has always been noted for its fine exhibits. Let every one, farmers especially, feel that it is incumbent upon them to keep up its reputation.

We would like to see as many persons in town on Thursday of Fair week as possible. We want to escort Senator Vance to the Fair Grounds with a grand cavalcade.

Saturday was a alively day. There were more people in town than we have seen in a long time. Our streets were thronged, business, consquently, continued very brisk.

The young men could not resist the music of the harpers, so they had a very delightful dance at Williams Hall on Thursday night last. This was the first of the season.

We hear that several theatrical troupes have made application for Williams Hall for Fair week. Lovers of the drama may rest assured that there will be a good one engaged.

The low rates, $9.65, to the Atlanta Exposition, with the opportunity of seeing the President and Mrs. Cleveland, has not, so far as we have heard, enticed any number from here.

Mr. E. G. Styron has moved to the Williams' building. The building having been partitioned, Mr. Williams occupies his old office, the upper end, and Mr. Styron the lower end.

We learn that there are several applicants for dwellings, but not a house to be had. This speaks well for the town. In the past three years there has been a constant building, but more are wanted. Our population is increasing.

We would like to see reservoirs built on several streets. The centre of the town is now amply supplied with water in case of fire, but the outskirts are badly provided for. Cannot something be done for the better protection of dwellings?

The penetentiary authorities have contracted to grade the road from Madison to Stokesdale on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad. The feeders to this road as it proceeds, will be of great advantage. The Millboro branch has added considerably to its revenue.

Mr. Mark Morgan, who recently purchased the Clarendon Mill site, was in town last week making his arrangements for building the cotton factory. He will go to work at once in earnest. We welcome such practical men as Mr. Morgan; he is just the kind of men we want.

Good news comes to those interested in the extension of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway. Carroll county, Va., has voted a subscription of $100,000 for the extension of the Norfolk & Western, and the C. F. & Y. V. will now join hands with it and extend their lines to meet it. This is a very important act, and will make the extension of the C. F. & Y. V. to deep water more desirable than ever—in fact, a necessity.

Preparations are on foot to have a grand tournament Fair week.

The communication signed "Cumberland" shall appear next week.

Mr. Chas. L. Campbell, Chief Marshal of the Cumberland Fair, is busy making appointments of Assistant Marshals.

We learn that specimens of coal found at Owen Hill, formerly owned by Mr. Henderson Guion, has been examined by experts North and pronounced of superior quality. The question is now the quantity.

We had the pleasure of looking through the furniture establishment of Messrs. S. Sheetz & Son this week, and were surprised at the extent and beauty of the stock. They have everything in their line of the best.

There are rumors, and not without foundation, that a new enterprise of considerable importance and magnitude will be removed here from another town. Cheap freights and other facilities make Fayetteville a very desirable point for manufactures, and we shall gladly welcome them.

We are informed that arrangements are on foot to establish a manufactory for pants (and, we suppose, other clothes) in this place. The projectors of the industry are among the best business men in town, and they intend, as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made, to start the work. They have ample capital.

The residence of Mr. G. A. Thomson (Hale house) is now nearly completed. The new roof, the fresh coat of paint and many other improvements have added greatly to its appearance. The three elegant magnolia trees in front, of perfect symmetry, with their dark green folinge, are beauties, and add much to the effect.

The citizens of upper Haymount certainly owe to Mr. S. J. Hinsdale a debt of gratitude for the pains he has taken in fixing the road over Haymount. It is the first time in years that it has been put in purfect and complete order, and it is good to look at. It is a voluntary act, done for the benefit of all, and deserves their thanks.

The new spire of the Presbyterian Church is finished, and it adds greatly to the looks of the building. The inside has been thoroughly renovated and painted. The parties who have had charge of the interior work have displayed good taste and judgment in selecting the shades of colors. They are pleasant to look upon.

We are glad to announce that Messrs. A. D. Wright & Bro., of N. Y., have secured the new hotel. They are both clever gentlemen, well known here, and have considerable experience in hotel keeping. They have hotels at Danville and Charlottsville, Va., and will make the Hotel LaFayette all that could be desired. We are glad it has fallen into such good hands.

We learn that in addition to the committee from Newberne, that much correspondence is going on between parties in Charleston and the C. F. & Y. V Ry. Co., and that it is urged that it is ten miles nearer from Bennetteville to Columbia, than from Fayetteville to Wilmington, with three connections, viz: at Society Hill, Camden and Columbia, and that at Columbia is met all the South Carolina and Georgia connections, and that it will cost less to build to Columbia than to Wilmington.

At a meeting of the Commissioners of Fayetteville, held last week, it was *Resolved*, That the Chairman of the Board be requested to make inquiry as to the probable cost of a report from a competent engineer or surveyor upon the feasibility, expense, &c., of conducting water, by means of a canal or conduit, from the Cape Fear river into the town, for the purpose of affording water power for manufacturing and other purposes.

Resolved, That in connection with this work, he be directed to ascertain the cost of a proper survey of the town, the streets, &c.

This is a revival of the old canal which was partly dug years ago.

We learn from the *Bulletin* of the North Carolina Board of Health that the death rate for August of Asheville was 13.2 in the 1,000 inhabitants; Charlotte, 20.7; Durham, 20.6; Fayetteville, 30.7; Wilmington, 18.5; Raleigh, 21.6.

Fayetteville, in the above report, does not make a very creditable showing; but the calculation is made upon a population of 4,300, while it is evident that this is far from correct. Our population is fully 6,000, if not more, so that the rate per 1,000 for the year cannot be more than 20. The census was taken about ten years ago, and it should be taken at once, for the above report does us great injustice, which the Health Officer cannot correct.

There were eleven deaths in August, in a population of 6,000. Among these there were several old people. The rest were among children, and these mostly in the suburbs, where sanitary regulations are not as they should be. The health of the town has always compared favorably with other places in the State, and, take it the year round, according to the report of the North Carolina Board of Health, the death rate is less, even on the basis of apopulation of 4,300.

The census of the children of Cross Creek must be taken this Fall, else the Graded School cannot receive its portion; and it would be well for the authorities to join with the school committee and have it taken at once.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.—We are glad to see that at last more of our citizens begin to see the necessity of this Association. There is no doubt that it will be a great benefit to the town. It will put money in circulation that would otherwise be spent foolishly. It will be the means of establishing industries, and in aiding it we can feel that we are contributing to the good of the town. It is a move in the right direction, and we hope our citizens will all take hold of it.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Recollect that we are blessed with low freights, and that our merchants can afford to sell cheaper than other places, and will. Their stocks of dry goods, groceries and hardware are equal to any in the State, and they are certainly as accommodating. Fayetteville as a market, to sell or buy, cannot be beat.

COTTON MARKET.—Every place claims to pay the highest market price for cotton, and so they may. The prices are all the same as a general rule, but we think that if the matter was tested our merchants are a shade higher; the grading practiced everywhere is not known here, and consequently inferior cotton brings a better price here than elsewhere. We have two options: one to ship, the other to sell to the mills around here, and consequently the prices always compare with other places—always as high, never lower. Bring your cotton here and test it.

WILMINGTON AND THE C. F. & Y. V.—We publish elsewhere the proceedings of a very large and enthusiastic meeting in Wilmington in favor of extending the C. F. & Y. V. to that city. The resolutions were presented to the Board of Audit and Finance, who confirm the appointment of Commissioners to confer with the railroad officials, but reserve the right to accept or reject the terms agreed upon.

We cannot believe that Wilmington will permit this opportunity to slip; it is of vital importance to her.

A MAMMOTH PEA VINE.—Mr. J. D. Sessoms, of Cedar Creek, brought a pea vine to town last week that was a curiosity. The vine, stripped of leaves and pea pods, weighed twelve pounds, and its growth was marvellous, extending in one or two directions, fully fifty feet. The vine covered a space the circumfrence of which was 90 feet, thus filling a space of ground 30 feet in diameter. Mr. Sessoms by actual calculation, made out the yield of this one vine to be 24,000 shelled peas. He presented the vine to the C. F. & Y. V. museum. The pea is a small black one, was grown on new land, and its variety is not known.

THE FAIR.—The near approach of our Fair, and the certainty of having Senator Vance here, have given a new and lively impetus to it, and we can now assure our readers and the public generally that it is to be a success. The low rates given by our railroad will enable hundreds to visit the town that otherwise would not come. If there was nothing else to see or hear, it will pay you to come and hear Vance, for if he can be prevailed upon, his speech at the Fair Grounds will not be the only one he will make. The people want to know, not only what he knows about farming, but his views on other subjects—and we think he will give them.

FARMERS' STATE ALLIANCE.—Mr. W. L. Williams returned from Rockingham last week where he attended the Farmers' State Alliance. He was much pleased with the unity and good feeling of those present. The object, the formation of a State Alliance, was effected by electing S. B. Alexander, of Mecklenburg, President; Thaddeus Ivey and L. L. Polk, Vice Presidents; J. D. Allen, of Wake, Treasurer; Geo. Wilcox, of Moore, Lecturer, and D. McIntyre, Assistant Lecturer; Rev. E. J. Edwards, of Cumberland, Doorkeeper; R. T. Rush, of Montgomery, Assistant Doorkeeper, and J. S. Holt, of Harnett, Sergt. at Arms. Col. Polk and S. B. Alexander were elected delegates to the National Alliance, which was held at Shreveport, La., on the 12th. The next meeting of the State Alliance will be held at Raleigh on the 2nd Tuesday in August, 1888.

COWS.—The Town Commissioners, at their last meeting, deferred action on the cow question till the first of next month. We regret this. Nuisances of all kinds should be abated, and the running at large of cows in our streets should be stopped. Complaints are constantly made by owners of front lots that their shrubbery is destroyed. Gates and fences are broken down, and injury done to gardens by cows which are permitted to run at large, and we have heard of narrow escapes by children from vicious cows. They are a nuisance to the country people who bring produce to town. In fact, they are a general nuisance, and our Commissioners should enforce the law against them. There is nothing in our streets for them to eat, so they must forage on gardens or carts, or go without eating. There can be no reason why they should be permitted to run at large, to the injury and hurt of the people.

A PLEASANT PIC-NIC AT TOKAY.—There was a most agreeable gathering at Tokay last Saturday. Prof. Jones, principal of the academy at Bunn's Level, Harnett County, brought down some forty or more of his scholars, girls and boys, besides a considerable crowd of older people, parents and relations of the children, and passed the day in the vineyard. The scholars were in uniform and went through their calisthenics as creditably as any city school could do, and also gave some excellent singing. Miss Strowd, the teacher of music, officiated at the piano, and proved herself a most finished performer. Prof. J. called on Col. Green to make them a little talk, which he did inculcating upon the boy's truth, courage and honesty, and upon the girls to imitate the good example of their good mothers. Prof. Jones then made a few eloquent remarks, and the crowd after partaking of refreshments in the pavillion, adjourned to the grove and partook of a bountiful pic-nic dinner.

It was a most enjoyable occasion to all parties, and upon Col. Green's cordial invitation to "call again," they assured him that they certainly would. Mr. Jones' school is a most creditable institution, and our friends around Bunn's Level have cause to congratulate themselves on having such a teacher.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.—Life's road is a weary one, and if now and then bright shadows did not pass across our pathway to cheer us, it would be weary indeed. Thank God, that there are those whose object in life and sole mission is to be "never weary in well doing;" whose greatest pleasure is a mission of love, to help the poor and those who are struggling on. Such is the aim of the Ladies' Industrial Exchange, which on Tuesday celebrated its first anniversary with thankfulness that they had had passed their first mile stone, which was begun amid many trials and sad forebodings, but through perseverance had succeeded beyond their most sanguine hopes. To celebrate the day they prepared good things, and the writer while sitting alone in his office, was surprised to see a servant enter with a waiter, which being uncovered, displayed a feast of good things, fit for a king, with a card attached, on which was written, "The first Anniversary of the Ladies' Exchange, with Compliments of the Ladies." It was like an oasis in a desert wild, and our heart beat quicker to think that amid so many things, we, the editor, had been thought of. But we recollected that it was their object to do good, to cheer the heart, and for this the Exchange was established. May they not only receive our thanks for the delicious things sent, but may they ever have the thanks and good will of the community for the noble work they have in hand, which has in the past year aided many a weary and lonely one.

OUR SCHOOLS.—It is said, and with truth, that the character of a place is better determined by its schools and churches than anything else. The first question asked by those who desire to locate is always, What about your schools? How about your churches? Fayetteville, we are glad to say, can give to all, in these matters, a satisfactory answer. Few towns have been more blessed than Fayetteville in the past eight or nine years in her educational facilities. Among the best schools in the State is her Graded and Normal School, which, from first to last, has been under the management of that best of educators, Mr. Alex. Graham, who, with an intelligent corps of instructors, has done wonderful work in educating the children of the place. Here more than an elementary education is procured, as the Normal feature was years ago incorporated in its curriculum, and many of those who have passed through the different grades, are now teachers of no small reputation. It has prepared many for college, and the exception is to be named among a long list, of one who has not stood well and exemplified the thorough teaching of the school. The school to-day is moving along smoothly and evenly. Being under one direction from the first, a perfect system has been effected and all works evenly and well. Its reputation needs no bolstering. The system of teaching boys and girls in the same class has worked well, and that which at first seemed to be much in the way, has proved beneficial. The Graded School is a great institution, and we hope to see it continue for many years as an honor to the town.

In addition to our Graded School, there are a number of excellent private schools. Among them, at the foot of Haymount are Miss Chamberlain's and Mrs. Utley's, where, from the number and the excellent deportment of the children that we pass every day, whose happy faces greet us, one is obliged to feel that love and kindness is affecting a great deal.

Near the Court House Miss Alice Mallett, who was at one time a teacher in the Graded School, has a room full. The excellent reputation made in teaching there has followed her. Mis. Rishton, in the rear of the Methodist Church, has a goodly number, as she has had for a number of years, testifying to her efficiency. And last, but not least, the Misses Ellyson, whose reputation for instructing the little ones "idea how to shoot" are doing well.

So is will be seen that in all parts of our town educational faculties of the best are afforded, and that in the matter of excellent schools, Fayetteville is ahead of the times.

Personals.

Mr. P. M. Wilson was in town yesterday.

Mr. Beatty Mallett, of Wilmington, was in town this week. He has a host of friends here.

Col. J. B. Starr left here Wednesday for New York on business connected with the Hotel LaFayette.

Mr. C. P. Mallett, who is engaged in the lumber business at Sumpter, S. C., spent several days in town last week with his family.

We are rejoiced to hear that Col. D. K. MacRae has returned to his home in Wilmington with his health greatly improved.

Mr. J. G. Shaw, who represented Cumberland in the last Legislature and Mr. W. H. McNeill, both of Cumberland, have been granted license to practice law by the Supreme Court.

Mr. J. T. Patrick, State Agent of Immigration, is in town in the interest of his work. He believes Fayetteville can be made not only a manufacturing point, but a charming winter resort.

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON—The market opened on Monday of this week at 8¼ cents firm, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits was firm yesterday at 29 cents.

Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 50 and 90 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.50, Virgin $1.75.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 12, 6 P. M.

COTTON.—Cotton firm at 8¼ cents.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 31 cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 80 cents per bbl. for strained and 85 cents for Good Strained.

The New York *World* interviewed the delegates to the New York Democratic convention on the subject of the presidential nomination next year. Of 338 delegates 160 were for CLEVELAND, 43 for HILL, 2 for HEWITT, 1 for THURMAN, 1 for HUGH J. GRANT, the gallant Tammany leader, and 128 expressed no choice." Another feather in Mr. Cleveland's cap.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 8.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day, Judge Bond fined Attorney-General Ayers $500 for bringing suits under the law known as the "Coupon Crusher" in disobedience to his injunction order and committed him to the custody of the marshal until the fine is paid. He also fined the commonwealth's attorneys of Fauquier and Loudon counties for disobeying the same order and committed them until the fines are paid and the suits brought and dismissed.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 9.—Hon. Rufus S. Ayers, State Attorney-General, and Col. John Scott, Commonwealth Attorney of Fauquier county, who were committed to jail last night under an order of Judge Bond punishing them for contempt of court, still remain in confinement. Their counsel will to-morrow commence proceedings for a writ of habeas corpus.

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1887.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	60@75
Hog Round,	13	HIDES—	
Sides,	13	Flint—good,	11
Hams,	16	Flint—damaged,	5@8
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	9@10
Sides,	8¼@9	Green,	4½
Shoulders,	7@7½	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	9¼@10	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15@16	LARD—	
Shoulders,	8@8½	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	9	Western,	8½@9
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3½	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18@20	Harness, cntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@50
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	20@35	(10d basis),	2.50
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	20@35	Fresh,	8
Rio,	20@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.40	Sweet,	40@50
CHICKENS,	15@25	Irish—old, bus.	1.25
EGGS,	12½	SALT,	90@1.00
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	(None.)	Coffee,	6½@7
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.50	Granulated,	7½@8
CORN MEAL—	70@75	SHEETINGS,	6¼
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	5
Corn,	70@75	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	50	Wool,	18
Rye,	85	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	(none)	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1.00	Pch Brandy,	1.75@3.00

NORFOLK, VA., Oct. 12, 1887.—Cotton steady at 9 cents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BEAUTIFUL STYLES.

Received Yesterday,

AND NOW ON EXHIBITION,

50 PIECES | 50 PIECES | 50 PIECES

HANDSOME, ALL-WOOL

DRESS FLANNELS.

These goods have never been sold in the city for less than 60 cents per yard. We are selling them at

37½ Cts.

They are Decided Bargains.

Frank Thornton tf.

oct 13

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK

AT FAYETTEVILLE,

In the State of North Carolina at the close of business October 5, 1887.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts,	$252,760 00
Overdrafts,	5,621 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	32,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	136 00
Due from approved reserve agents,	7,618 44
Due from other National Banks,	6,298 85
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	6,886 79
Current expenses and taxes paid,	961 15
Premiums paid,	2,980 00
Checks and other cash items,	3,296 44
Bills of other Banks,	421 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents,	151 00
Specie,	2,257 00
Legal tender notes,	10,560 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation),	1,384 31
Total,	$333,271 98

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in,	125,000 00
Surplus fund,	32,000 00
Undivided profits,	4,996 30
National Bank notes outstanding,	28,800 00
Dividends unpaid,	846 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	84,797 61
Time certificates of deposit,	1,140 47
Cashier's checks outstanding,	110 56
Due to other National Banks,	3,581 04
Notes and bills re-discounted,	50,000 00
Total,	$333,271 98

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } S. S.
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, }

I, G. P. McNeill, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. P. McNEILL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of October, 1887.

J. B. BROADFOOT, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
E. F. MOORE,
F. W. THORNTON,
GEO. BRANDT,
Directors.

Sale of Land under Decree of Court.

W. P. Boggs to use J. J. McFaddin
vs.
Stephen McNeill and wife Lucy.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, rendered in my favor in the case of W. P. Boggs to use J. J. McFaddin against Stephen McNeill and wife, I will, on Monday, November 14, 1887, at 12, o'clock, at the Court House door, in Fayetteville, expose for sale, by public auction, FOR CASH, a tract of land on Duncan's creek in said county, containing about 56 8-10 acres, bounded as in a mortgage given by said Stephen McNeill and wife, as registered in Book D, 4, page 544.

J. J. McFADDIN, Plaintiff.
4t

oct 13

CAROLINA Roller Mills.

FLOUR and MEAL.

Depository and office in Williams Building.

oct 13 1y E. G. STYRON & CO., Proprietors.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALTER WATSON

—IS—

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Engine and Saw Mill Supplies,

Rubber Belting,

Leather Belting,

Lacing and

Belt Fastenings

Of all kinds, at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ESTIMATES AND CORRECT MEASUREMENTS

Given for

Machinery and Machinery Supplies.

☞ Write for prices.

WALTER WATSON.

oct 13 tf

P. R. R.

MESSRS. PEMBERTON & PRIOR:
Sirs:—I am pleased to say that PRIOR'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY has proven a most beneficial one with me. Having been subject to attacks of Rheumatism for several years, I have tried several remedies, but none did me good that this remedy has. I feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers from this painful trouble.
Respectfully,
SAMUEL WIDDIFIELD.
Fayetteville, N. C., July 7, 1887.

☞ Order of
PEMBERTON & PRIOR, Druggists,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

P. R. R.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Fayetteville National Bank

AT FAYETTEVILLE,

In the State of North Carolina, at the close of business October 5, 1887.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts,	$281,046 77
Overdrafts,	3,978 02
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	50,000 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages,	319 27
Due from approved reserve agents,	10,875 42
Due from other National banks,	2,711 06
Due from State Banks and Bankers,	20,830 45
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	12,020 78
Current expenses and taxes paid,	1,980 52
Premiums paid,	4,290 00
Checks and other cash items,	4,051 57
Bills of other Banks,	5,030 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents,	765 06
Specie,	9,200 25
Legal tender notes,	4,937 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation),	2,250 00
Total,	$414,286 17

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in,	$200,000 00
Surplus fund,	40,000 00
Undivided profits,	9,237 08
National Bank notes outstanding,	41,600 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	82,184 33
Demand certificates of deposit,	11,365 00
Cashier's checks outstanding,	267 00
Due to other National Banks,	1,540 68
Due to State Banks and bankers,	386 10
Notes and bills re-discounted,	27,705 98
Total,	$414,286 17

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } S. S.
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, }

I, J. D. Williams, President of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. D. WILLIAMS, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of October, 1887.

W. T. TAYLOR, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
E. J. LILLY,
H. W. LILLY,
A. A. McKETHAN, JR.,
Directors.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ THIS.

For the purpose of closing up my professional business and private affairs in Cumberland county, I expect to attend the November term of the Superior Court in Fayetteville, and while there unless sooner disposed of privately, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the Market House, in Fayetteville, on Tuesday, November 22, at 12 o'clock M., the following real estate:

1. My Barn Lot on Mason street in Fayetteville.
2. The "Cicero Bell Place," about seven miles north of Fayetteville on the Raleigh road, adjoining George McKay's.
3. An undivided half interest in the "Blocker Place," four miles below Fayetteville, on the Wilmington road, now occupied by R. M. Orrell, who owns the other half interest.
4. At the above time and place, unless the balance due me is paid in the meantime, I will also sell the "Bradshaw Land" on which I hold a mortgage from P. P. Barge and wife, dated Dec. 8, 1885, registered in Book F, No. 4, page 3.

My old clients and other persons residing in Cumberland, who are indebted to me must take notice that I cannot give longer indulgence, and those who are able to pay and have not, can save themselves some trouble and expense by meeting me at the November court prepared to settle.

WM. A. GUTHRIE.

Durham, N. C., Oct. 7, 1887. oct 13 6t

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified in the Superior Court of Cumberland county, N. C., as Administrator of the estate of John McRae, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before Oct. 8, 1888, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN F. McRAE, Adm'r of John McRae.

N. W. RAY, Attorney.
Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 8, 1887. oct 13 6t

House and Lot for Sale.

Wishing to remove to another locality, the place where I now reside is for sale. The house has eleven rooms, including the basement; gas all through the house. The lot is large, being one-half of a square; has an office in the yard 18x38. For further particulars apply to

J. H. ROBERTS, Shandon, N. C.,
Or MR. J. D. WILLIAMS, Fayetteville, N. C.

oct 13 tf

"Get Ready."

Before the cold weather comes, get out your Heating Stoves and have them put in order. See that new grates, fire pots and pipe have taken the place of the burned out parts. With a large supply of

COAL

on hand, we are prepared to keep you comfortable.

Have Your Stoves Repaired.

We have a full line of

Cooking and Heating Stoves

on hand, and will sell them at prices to suit the times.

Call and see the nicest line of BRASS GOODS ever shown in this market:

BR'ASS

Fire Dogs, Fenders, Shovels,
Tongs, Pokers, Spark Fenders, &c.

☞ Fenders to suit any size fire place.

McMILLAN BROS.

oct 6 tf

—AT—

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO'S

DRUG STORE

You will find THE NICEST LINES of

EXTRACTS

Tooth and Hair Brushes

On the market.

FRESH DRUGS

And all the Patent Medicines of the Day

ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ They have just received a supply of WHITE ONION SETS, which they offer at lowest price.

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO.

oct 6 tf

Valuable Store for Sale.

On Wednesday, November 2, 1887, at 12 o'clock M., I will offer for sale, at Public Auction, at the Market House, in the town of Fayetteville, N. C., the STORE now occupied by M. Sundle, Esq., in what is known as "The Robinson Block," on the north side of Person street, six doors east of Market Square.

Terms of sale: One-half cash; notes for balance in equal amounts, payable four and eight months from date, bearing interest at 8 per cent. Title reserved until the whole of purchase money is paid.

JNO. H. ROBINSON, Agent.

CHAS. GLOVER, Auctioneer. oct 6 ts

WANTED.

100,000 Bottles of all kinds and descriptions.

Old Books, Pamphlets, Papers, &c.

By MAX SCHLOSSBERG.

oct 6 tf

Still in the Business

MATTRESSES MADE TO ORDER.

Curled Hair, Pine Fibre, Shuck and Cotton Mattresses on short notice. Upholstering neatly done in all its branches, at living prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Church Cushions a Specialty.

Give me a trial; I guarantee work and prices. Orders left at my residence will receive prompt attention. Respectfully.

oct 6 2t J. J. OTTERBOURG.

Belting! Belting!

Rubber Belting of all sizes.
Lacing Leather for Belts.

POWDER!

In kegs, half-kegs and quarter-kegs, delivered promptly from magazine at lowest market price.

A full line of

Hardware and Groceries

Always on hand.

CHARLES HAIGH,

oct 6 tf NO. 22 HAY STREET.

J. S. McNEILL,

DEALER IN

Choice Family Groceries,

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF,

(Opposite Wilson Short Cut Depot,)

Hay Street, - - - Fayetteville, N. C.

oct 6 4t

ADVERTISEMENT.

SPECIAL.

We have made arrangements with the AMERICAN FARMER, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., and read by nearly 200,000 farmers, by which that publication will be mailed direct, FREE, to the address of any of our subscribers who will come in and pay up all arrearages on subscription and one year in advance from date, and to any new subscriber who will pay one year in advance. This is a grand opportunity to obtain a first-class farm journal free. The AMERICAN FARMER is a large 16-page journal, of national circulation, which ranks among the leading agricultural papers. It treats the question of economy in agriculture and the rights and privileges of that vast body of citizens—American Farmers—whose industry is the basis of all material and national prosperity. Its highest purpose is the elevation and ennobling of Agriculture through the higher and broader education of the men and women engaged in its pursuits. The regular subscription price of the AMERICAN FARMER is $1.00 per year. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING. From any number ideas can be obtained that will be worth thrice the subscription price to you or members of your household, yet you get it free. Call and see sample copy.

AGRICULTURAL.

THE FARMERS' PLAINT.

[For the Observer.]

We of the oppressed many,
We of the toiling mass,
Our birthright good as any,
Yet slaves of the moneyed class,

We toil for others' guerdons,
We slave for others' pride,
We bear life's heaviest burdens,
That some may laugh and ride.

Their lives of ease and pleasure,
Contrasted with our lot,
Make discord in life's measure;
But still they heed it not.

Corporations and professions
Ensnare us and condemn,
Till all our great possessions,
Somehow have gone to them.

Our labors unremitting,
Our cares and fears increase.
Dread Debt, at every sitting,
Denies all joy and peace,

Till, weary, poor and heartless,
We've got in waters deep;
Are drifting, sad and chartless,
Bound for breakers deep.

There's warning here—'twere well,
Our masters had best heed!
When we go down, our funeral knell
Will end their spoil and greed.

Foundation of their greatness
Destroyed, ruined, gone,
Too sore they'll mourn their lateness
To see and 'void the storm.

The preacher's glowing maxims
Of love and brotherhood
Reminds ye "When ye tax them,
Tax no more than ye should"—

Not all ye may or can,
By hook, or crook, or flaw;
But spare your fellow-man
Under diviner law.

Wheat Culture.

In many sections the labor of putting in the wheat will be an important part of the labor this month. The ground will need at least one more thorough stirring with cultivator or harrow before the seed is sown. It cannot be made too mellow or be too finely pulverized for a seed bed, and as each stirring assists in germinating and destroying the weed that lie dormant in the soil it will allow the plants to get better growth before the weeds spring up to choke them out, and give cleaner crops next year. No seed should be used which has not been first carefully screened and winnowed, for the removal of foul stuff from it, and to take out shrunken, light or imperfect seed of any kind.

The usual amount of seed used is from one bushel to five pecks to the acre when drilled in, and about half a bushel more when broadcast, to make up for loss of seed by covering too deep or not deep enough, the proper depth being about one and a half to two inches. If all seed could be placed at equal distances apart, and at equal depths, a much less amount of seed would be sufficient. A Connecticut farmer sowed about two hundred rods of drill with one quart of wheat, and harvested eight bushels, and thought he would have had more if birds and neighbors, to whom a wheat head is a curiosity, could have been kept away from it. As there could be over 2,600 rods of drill, one foot apart, in an acre, it would require a little over thirteen quarts of seed, and a yield equal to his would give over a hundred bushels per acre; or fifty bushels per acre could be grown in drills at two feet apart, from six and a half quarts of seed. We do not advise farmers to go so far as this in the matter of light seeding. They cannot all have old garden soil to sow their seed upon, nor give it garden cultivation, but we give this as an illustration of the possibilities of light seeding in good soil.

The use of a good superphosphate has been found to greatly stimulate the growth of wheat; but the difference in phosphates is put imperfectly understood even by those who have used them for many years, and many fail in their experiments because because of not knowing how to adapt them to their crops or soils. As a general rule, it may be said that for this crop ammonia or nitrogen increases the growth of leaf and stalk, and makes it more rapid, potash stiffens the straw and prevents the lodging of the grain, and phophoric acid makes a plumper, heavier grain, and a better flour. Of course each of these ingredients assist in other ways; but these hints may help the farmer to improve his crop when he knows in what particular he has failed in years past.

A recent observer of sunflower attributes their antimalarial action to their absorption of water from the soil, as well as to their accredited properties of absorbing malarial germs, and emitting much oxygen. During June, 1885, a quarter of an acre of sunflowers exhaled in the form of vapor an average of sixty-five gallons of water daily.

Never read or sew directly in front of the light, window or door.

Saving Seed Corn.

Ever farmer who has a good variety either of field corn or sweet corn should save his own seed, and should try to select it, so that it will improve under his cultivation rather than grow poorer. Attention to a few rules will enable him to do this with almost absolute certainty. Seed taken from stalks which produce two or more good ears will produce more stalks bearing two ears, or more than that taken from stalks bearing only one ear; but this difference is seldom very perceptible the first year, as corn is not self-fertilizing. After three years' selection the difference becomes very noticeable, and will make a corresponding increase in the yield per acre.

An ear of corn showing kernels of more than one variety will produce ears which show the mixture more plainly than another ear, even if the intermixed kernels are not planted.

After seed corn is selected there is no better way of keeping it than the old-fashioned method of braiding the husks together and hanging it up in a dry place out of the way of rats and mice. Freezing will not hurt it after it is fully dry, but dampness will. Even if it does not entirely destroy the germinating power, it weakens the plant and reduces the crop. Different farmers will not agree upon the variety of corn most profitable to grow, as a kind adapted to one soil may not do as well on another. That which will give large yield upon rich soil under good cultivation might not perfect its growth under less favorable circumstances; while a kind that would grow upon poor soil could not give as large a crop as another kind if put in good soil. If the kernel is large and plump there will be greater weight of shelled corn to the bushel of ears. If, in addition to these qualities, the kernels are in straight, even rows from the butt upward, and will cover the tips of the ear, the ears starting from the stalk near the ground of good size, and abundant enough to promise a profitable yield, then it may be considered a good variety of corn.

Sensible Advice.

[Scotland Neck Democrat.]

Now is the time to fill your stables full of pine straw or litter. If you do not do this now, you will not do it at all. Now is the time the accepted time to prepare your stables and shelters to protect your mules, oxen and cattle from the winter winds, snows and sleets. If you do not do it now, you will not do it at all. And if you fail to protect your stock from the winter winds you ought to be indicted for cruelty to animals, and if the laws will not punish you for such a crime we feel sure the King of Kings will. Self-interest ought to lead you to build warm sheds to protect your cattle. It will not take half the feed to winter stock in warm sheds or stables that it will out of doors. Besides how can we be so cruel, wicked and inhuman as to leave our stock out all winter in the weather? A cow that stands out all winter will take all next summer to get her flesh back, if perchance she should live through the winter. It does not cost much to build these sheds. You can build them all around your barns, stables gin houses or any other out-house. Build always on south side if possible. If you can do no better put up a plank fence nailed on perpendicularly, eight feet high, and break the points with narrow strips, and have the fence in the shape of a half moon. Let the fence face the south. A cow will give three times as much milk in the winter kept in a warm stable as she will exposed to the cold winds. The same is true as to mules, horses and other cattle so far as as feed is concerned and keeping fat. Half feed and warm stables is much better than whole feed and no stables. We know from experience, and life is too short and you are too old to try experiments. Better take our word and follow our advice in this matter.

Maj. C. W. McClammy Interviewed.

[Washington Critic, Sept. 29.]

Major C. W. McClammy, one of the newly elected members of Congress from the Tar Heel State—North Carolina—is at the Metropolitan. He is here on department business and will return home the day the President starts on his "swing around the circle," Friday, the 30th instant.

The *Critic* representative called on Major McClammy last evening and enjoyed a long and friendly chat with him. He is well-posted on political topics, as the following interview will show. In speaking of the President, Major McClammy said:

"In my State, and, in fact, all over the country, Mr. Cleveland is stronger to-day with the people than the Democratic party. Mr. Cleveland has given us an honest administration. He is the President of the United States and above sectional lines. Now, bear in mind that the President has done much, if not entirely wiped out all sectional feeling. The Republicans know this, and as evidence of the fact, look with what desperation their leaders are resorting to. They are doing all in their power to make an issue of the bloody shirt, their old stand-by, but they had just as well 'hang their harps on the weeping willow tree,'as to revive the worn-out and decayed boody shirt."

"As it is a generally settled fact, Major, that Mr. Cleveland is to be renominated, I would like to have your opinion on the man for the second place on the ticket. Have you herad of any name prominently mentioned in that connection?"

"In North Carolina we have heard very little talk about the Vice-Presidency, but I've seen First Assistant Postmaster-General Stevenson's name frequently mentioned in that connection, and I think he would be an excellent man to place on the ticket with Cleveland. I am not quite sure, but I believe he is a native of North Carolina, and I believe if the State was canvassed General Stevenson would recieve a unanimous vote. He was a brave and fearless Union soldier, and from all I can hear, stands well with the veterans. He is a pure and honest Democrat, and I know of no one whose popularity is more universal. I am of the opinion that his name would add strength to the ticket.

Agricultural and Mechanical Fairs.

The time and places for holding the different fairs in the State this year so far as determined are as follows:

North Carolina Agricultural Society, Raleigh, October 18-21.

Roanoke and Tar River Agricultural Society, Weldon, November1–4.

Edgecombe Agricultural and Mechanical Fair Association, Goldsboro' November 8-11.

Eastern Carolina Fair and Stock Association, Goldsboro, October 26–27

Cumberland County Agriculturl Society, Fayetteville, November 9-11

Young folks tell what they do, old folks what they have done, and fools what they will do. It may be a reflection on the civilivation of the last quarter of the nineteenth century, but those who tell what they "will do" are in a large majority.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.
feb 24, mar 3 1y

Tutt's Pills

FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces

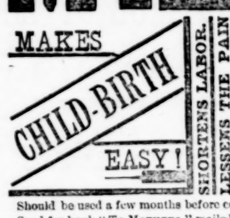
Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Sallow Skin and Piles.

There is no better remedy for these common diseases than Tutt's Liver Pills, as a trial will prove. Price, 25c.

Sold Everywhere.

mar 24 1y

MOTHER'S FRIEND



Should be used a few months before confinement. Send for book "To MOTHERS," mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED

MANUFACTURED BY
Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.
AND FOR SALE BY

McMILLAN BROS,

mar 24 1y Fayetteville, N. C.

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad.
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7 tf Fayetteville, N. C.

Excelsior Printing Co.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Cheap Printing. First-class Work and *CASH PRICES.*

☞ *All Work delivered when promised.*

apl 21 1y

Cool Summer Drinks!

Bond, Colleswyle Fountain in Full Blast.

He uses none but the purest syrups and juices at his Fountain, and with his Patent Ice Shaver (not crusher) and his new Lightning Shaker, he is prepared to furnish Milk Shakes, Lineades, &c., &c., that cannot be excelled. Call, and Clarence will convince you.

apl 21 tf

TIN!

Another big drive in Tinware at

HEADQUARTERS,

G. A. THOMSON.

I. A. MURCHISON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

ALSO AGENT FOR

Sale and Purchase of Real Estate.

Office on Row Street, - Fayetteville, N. C.

feb 17 tf

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:
North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEATED TERM,

WITH

HARD TIMES,

Has passed away, and you will find

HEADQUARTERS,

GEO. A. THOMSON,

Open from Dewy Morn until 8 P. M.

WITH STOCK FULLY UP TO HEADQUARTERS STANDARD.

——My stock is now replete with——
——every Toothsome Luxury and——
——Substantial that can be had.——
——Thanking my patrons for the——
——rest enjoyed during the hot——
——weather, I would impress with——
——my vigor and willingness to——
——meet the every want of my——
——patrons, already anticipated——
——in MY VARIED STOCK of——

Family Supplies,
Provisions,
Dainties,
Delicacies,
Confections,
Crockery and Glassware,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Tinware,
Wood and Willow Ware

And Any and Every Thing that can be called for.

☞ Everyone has a pressing invitation to examine and price my goods.

Respectfully,

GEO. A. THOMSON.

Headquarters.

Fayetteville National Bank,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 12, 1887.

In view of the near approach of the expiration of the charter of this bank, a special meeting of the Stockholders has been called to take place on October 20, 1887, at 11 o'clock A. M., at their Banking House in Fayetteville, N. C., at which time the question of changing from a National into a State Bank under a charter obtained from the last Legislature, will be considered. The reasons for the proposed change will be fully explained at the meeting. All Stockholders are requested either to attend in person, or send their proxies to some Stockholder, other than an officer of the bank.

WM. HUSKE,
sept 15 4t Cashier.

Express Steamboat Co.

THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,

CAPT. J. C. SMITH,

will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on

Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Wilmington at

2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.

☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
mar 24 tf Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

ADVETISEMENTS.

GUINNESS'

Brown Stout.

Selected from Choicest Brewings.

Also, a Genuine article of

Milwaukee Beer.

For sale by

A. MOORE.

ALWAYS READY TO SUPPLY

COAL or ICE

—OR BOTH,—

At Prices as Low as any Can Name

A fine lot of SEASONED Flooring, Weatherboards and Wide Boards for sale cheap to close stock ☞ Call at Ice Factory for Ice, Coal and

LUMBER.

N. H. SMITH.

sep 1 tf

A. GARRASON.

FRUITS:

Foreign, Domestic and Canned.

CANDY:

ROYSTER'S

(Fresh and Best.)

GROCERIES:

FROM

Beef Tongue to Side Meat.

FROM

GRANULATED MEAL to GAMBRILL'S FLOUR,

FROM

Macaroni and Cheese

TO

MUSTARD and PICKLES.

TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.

Call early and often.

apl 7 tf

H. McD. ROBINSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FAYETEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Collections a specialty. Prompt attention given to all business.

may 26 1y

CUMBERLAND HOUSE.

The most convenient to the travelling public. Is only 50 yards from the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, in a pleasant location. Table fare the BEST the market affords.

TERMS REASONABLE.

☞ Convenient for Drummers.

may 19 1y D. H. BELL, Proprietor.

Land for Sale.

I offer for sale 235 Acres of Choice Farming Land, on which there are a good Dwelling House, Out houses, &c. Situated near Lilly's Grove Church, on east side Cape Fear river, 9 miles north of Fayetteville in Cumberland county, N. C. Parties wishing to buy will address me at Fayetteville, N. C.

aug 18 2m pd W. R. HAYWOOD.

FAYETTEVILLE NOVELTY WORKS

Still to the Front!

And prepared to make Sash, Blinds, Doors and other material for building purposes. Planing and building done to order. For information write to

SUTTON & HENZI,
june 16 6m Proprietors.

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - 1774.

The value of FLOUR depends upon the ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF NUTRITION CONTAINED IN THE BREAD IT MAKES. Maryland and Virginia Wheat, from which our **PATENT ROLLER FLOURS** are chiefly manufactured, has long been conceded to be SUPERIOR to any other, because it has a BETTER COMBINATION OF GLUTEN AND PHOSPHATES. This fact is recognized not only in this country, but in the United Kingdom as well, where the **"PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE"** COMMANDS DECIDEDLY MORE MONEY than any other American Flour. Ask your grocer for it. Also for

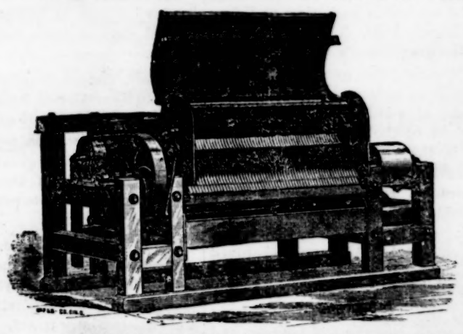
Patapsco Family,	North Point Family,	Orange Grove Extra,
Patapsco Extra,	Chesapeake Extra,	Baldwin Family,
Cape Henry Family,	Bedford Family.	

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 32 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

aug 19 6m

The Daniel Pratt Gin.



TO COTTON PLANTERS.

We desire to call the attention of Cotton Planters and Ginners to the new and wonderful improvement in the Daniel Pratt Ginn, which consists of the REVOLVING HEADS in the ends of the Cotton box, whereby the friction of the cotton running against the ends of the cotton box is destroyed. This improvement prevents the choking of the gins or breaking the rolls, and any common plantation hand can feed it. It does not injure the staple, and gins the seed much cleaner than the ordinary gins, thereby saving to the planter all of his lint cotton. For speed in ginning we do not think it can be excelled. We would also call attention to the Lever for raising the breast of the gin out of the saws, and thereby enabling us to stop the gin without stopping the power. It also greatly reduces the risk of operating the gin; it enables you to raise the breast of the gin without danger of those painful injuries so frequent in the use of the ordinary gin. Our Adjustable Seed Board is superior to anything of the kind in use. By its use the operator can clean his seed to suit himself; he can "skin" the seed or leave them, as it suits him. Our gins are more simple, less complicated, less liable to get out of order, stronger and more substantial than most gins. Gins sufficiently fast, picks the seed clean and gives a good sample.

A. E. RANKIN & CO., AGTS.,

june 30 3m PERSON STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Sale or Rent.

For the purpose of changing residence, I will sell or rent the place on which I now reside, situated on the east side of Cape Fear River, three miles below the Clarendon Bridge. There are on this place about 300 acres, two-thirds of it under cultivation, which has been highly composted for the past three years. For further particulars address

W. C. FIELDS,
sep 1 2m Idaho, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE

Sewing Machine and Music House.

ORGANS $30, $40, $45, $55, $65 to $100.
NEW MACHINES $25, $30 and $40.
OLD MACHINES $8 to $10.

Staybright Polish, for Furniture.

MACHINES AND ORGANS REPAIRED.

june 23 1y J. H. FARRAR, Agt.

For Rent.

THAT NEW AND DESIRABLE RESIDENCE —all conveniences—situated on St. John's Square, near Masonic Lodge. Possession given immediately.

sep 22 tf FRANK THORNTON.

Commissioners' Sale of Land.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, made in the special proceeding entitled "S. C. Buie and others, *ex parte*," I will sell at public auction at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., on Monday, Oct. 24, 1887, at 12 M., Twenty-five Acres of Land lying on Big Rockfish in said county, for division among the heirs of Sarah Buie, dec'd. Terms of sale made known at sale.

sep 22 ts DUNCAN ROSE, Comm'r.

NOTICE Of Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in special proceedings entitled "J. A. Lilly and others *ex parte*, we will, on

Monday, the 7th day of November, 1887,

expose to sale, at public auction, at the Court House door in Lillington, Harnett County, on the terms hereinafter stated, two tracts of Land in Harnett County, on the Cape Fear River, near Lillington, and described as follows:

1st Tract, adjoining the lands of H. H. Vestal's heirs, Jos. Boyles and others, on the east side of the Cape Fear River, and containing 451 acres, and being the land described as "first tract" in a deed made by N. McKay, Jr., and wife to H. Tilly, recorded in Book K, page 109, Register of Deeds' office for Harnett county. This tract will be subdivided into several small tracts, and a plot can be seen at the office of Maj. B. F. Shaw at Lillington.

2nd Tract, adjoining the lands above described, containing 130½ acres, and known as "E. C. McLean down tract," being the "second tract" described in deed of N. McKay, Jr., and wife to H. Lilly, and recorded in Book K, page 109, Register of Deeds office for Harnett county. This tract will be sold subject to the life estate of Mrs. McLean.

The terms of sale are as follows: One-third of the purchase money will be required on day of sale, and notes, with approved security, will be required for the remainder, payable six and twelve months from day of sale, and bearing interest at rate of six per cent. from day of sale.

H. W. LILLY,
R. T. GRAY,
oct 1 ts Commissioners.

F. F. F. F. F. F. F.

REMEMBER, YOU WILL

Find First-class, Fine, Fresh, Flavored, Fancy Family Groceies,

PROVISIONS, FRUITS, NUTS and CANDIES, at

R. T. SCANLIN'S,

Agent, No. 47 Person Street.

feb 3 tf

Royal Baking Powder, Deal Pearm, Cond'ns'd, Horsford Bread Preparation, Potatoes and Cream Tartar

in stock at

HEADQUARTERS,

G. A. THOMSON.

A. GARRASON,

—DEALER IN—

HEAVY and FANCY GROCERIES,

General Family Supplies,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

aug 13 131-tf

Mrs. Cleveland writes:

MR. TA. TS. TA.:

T. Y. T.

TRY THOMSON'S TEAS.

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

NO. 1

MACKEREL,
SPRING CHICKEN,
BROILED CHIP BEEF

Add much to the breakfast table.

Call at Headquarters.
G. A. THOMSON.

Kitchen Luxuries.

DISINTEGRATED and STRAINED,

For Vegetables and Fruits. Call and examine.

On sale at Headquarters.
G. A. THOMSON.

PICKLES.

The Finest Assortment in this city.

G. A. THOMSON,
Headquarters.

SUNDOWN

FOR THE HEATED TERM.

Owing to contract with all leading houses in our city, HEADQUARTERS will close at 7½ P. M. for summer months. Show your approval by having all orders for delivery in by 7 P. M., and allow us to meet said obligation.

Hot weather suggests

Iced Tea

and the rapid strides that Coffee is now making in prices. I would recommend more Tea drinking, it being decidedly more healthful and

FAR CHEAPER.

HEADQUARTERS,

G. A. THOMSON,

can beat the world on Tea. Try my Teas, and know how good Tea drinks.

☞ General stock kept fully up, money or no money,

G. A. THOMSON.

june 9 tf

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE NO. 27.

Taking effect at 5:00 A. M., Monday, Oct. 3rd, 1887.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Freight & Accom'd'n.
Leave Bennettsville,	9:45 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
Arrive Maxton,	11:20 a. m.	4:25 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	11:30 a. m.	5:20 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:30 p. m.	8:20 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	2:00 p. m.	8:00 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	4:05 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Leave Sanford,	4:15 p. m.	12:00 noon
Arrive Greensboro,	7:25 p. m.	1:05 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	10:10 a. m.	6:50 p. m.
Arrive Dalton,	2:17 p. m.	

Passenger and Mail—dinner at Fayetteville.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Freight & Accom'd'n.
Leave Dalton,	3:45 p. m.	
Arrive Greensboro,	7:45 p. m.	
Leave Greensboro,	9:50 a. m.	6:00 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	12:55 p. m.	12:00 noon
Leave Sanford,	1:15 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	3:20 p. m.	6:00 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	3:30 p. m.	6:00 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	5:15 p. m.	9:20 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:27 p. m.	10:03 a. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:00 p. m.	12:45 p. m.

Passenger and Mail—dinner at Sanford.

Factory Branch—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAIN MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro,	8:05 a. m.	5:45 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	9:35 a. m.	7:25 p. m.

TRAIN MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro,	2:00 p. m.	
Leave Factory Junction,	3:00 p. m.	7:15 p. m.
Arrive Millboro,	3:45 p. m.	8:00 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Freight and Accommodation Train runs between Bennettsville and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Freight and Accommodation Train runs between Greensboro and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Bennettsville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

The Freight and Accommodation between Fayetteville and Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays connects at Sanford with the A. & L. Train, which leaves Sanford at 12:30 p. m. and arrives at Raleigh at 4:45 p. m.

Close connection is made at Maxton with Carolina Central Railway Passenger Trains to and from Wilmington.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Superintendent.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 48. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 15 P. M.	5 38 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 33 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 P. M.	.....
Arrive Wilson	4 05 P. M.	6 58 P. M.
Leave Wilson	4 03 "	.....
Arrive Selma	5 40 "	.....
Arrive Fayetteville	7 55 "	.....
Leave Goldsboro	4 54 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	5 54 "	.....
Leave Burgaw	7 00 "	.....
Arrive Wilmington	7 50 "	9 35 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.	8 50 P. M.
Leave Burgaw	9 34 "	9 50 "
Leave Warsaw	10 57 "	10 57 "
Arrive Goldsboro	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leave Fayetteville	8 20 "	.....
Arrive Selma	10 47 "	.....
Arrive Wilson	11 59 "	.....
Leave Wilson	12 23 P. M.	12 31 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	12 40 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 A. M.	.....
Arrive Weldon	2 35 P. M.	2 70 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at 3:40 p. m.; arrives at Smithfield at 6:50 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7:30 a. m. and arrives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 3:25 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albermarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M., Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 8.10 P. M., 6.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M., Sunday 9.50 A. M., arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.30 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C. Daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 50. Northbound is No. 51.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, Sup't Trans. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Carolina Central R. R. Co.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

May 16, 1887.	No. 1. Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 3. Daily ex. Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	7:25 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	11:30 a. m.	.....
Leave Hamlet,	12:50 p. m.	2:33 a. m.
Leave Wadesboro,	2:15 p. m.	.....
Leave Charlotte,	4:32 p. m.	6:55 a. m. arr'v
Leave Lincolnton,	6:17 p. m.	
Leave Shelby,	7:40 p. m.	
Arrive Rutherfordton,	9:10 p. m.	

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

May 16, 1887.	No. 2. Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 4. Daily ex. Sunday.
Leave Rutherfordton,	7:15 a. m.	
Leave Shelby,	8:48 a. m.	
Leave Lincolnton,	10:07 a. m.	
Leave Charlotte,	12:02 p. m.	8:45 p. m.
Leave Wadesboro,	2:30 p. m.	.....
Leave Hamlet,	3:38 p. m.	1:53 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:20 p. m.	.....
Arrive Wilmington,	9:05 p. m.	8:00 a. m.

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 make close connection at Maxton to and from Fayetteville, Greensboro and other points on C. F. & Y. V. Ry. At Wadesboro with trains to and from Cheraw, Florence and Charleston. Lincolnton to and from Hickory, Lenoir and points on C. & L. Narrow Gauge railroad.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 make close connection at Hamlet with trains to and from Raleigh.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Charlotte and Raleigh.

Take train No. 1 for Statesville and points on W. N. C. railroad and points west.

Take train No. 3 for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest. Also for Asheville, via Spartanburg.

No. 3 connects at Wilmington with W. & W. railroad No. 23.

Local Freight Nos. 5 and 6 tri-weekly between Wilmington and Laurinburg.

Local Freight Nos. 7 and 8 tri-weekly between Laurinburg and Charlotte.

Local Freight Nos. 9 and 10 tri-weekly between Charlotte and Rutherfordton

Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 will not take passengers.

L. C. JONES, Superintendent.

F. W. CLARK, General Passenger Agent.